THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA. SUNDAY. APRIL 12. 1874. VOLUME VI NUMBER

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CONSTITUTION AND SUN.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

ATLANTA, APRIL 12, 1874.

ATLANTA BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Produce and Commission Merchant.
R. J. GRIFFIN, No. 38 DECATUR STREET
Wholesale dealer in Eggs, Poultry and Butter.

Commission Merchants and Grocers.
McDANIEL & GILREATH, 117 WHITEHALL ST.

Manufacturer of Burial Cases.
M. CARGILE, NO. 9 IVY STREET.

Business University.
B. F. MOORE, PRESIDENT, cor. BROAD and ALA

Liquors, Champagne Cider, &c.
T. F. GRADY, 12 ALABAMA ST., Near Ga. Depot

Stoves and House-Furnishing Goods.
F. M. RICHARDSON, 32 WHITEHALL STREET.

Clothing.
W. B. LOWE & CO., WHITEHALL STREET.

Merchant Tailoring.
DYKEMAN, No. 4 Peachtree st, Imported goods only.

Family Groceries.
C. R. BRUMBY, 93 WHITEHALL STREET.

Meat Market and Dairy.
H. C. SAWTELL, 106 WHITEHALL STREET.

Jeweler and Agent for Arundel Spectacles
ER LAWSHE, WHITEHALL STREET.

Fire, Life and Marine Insurance.
WALKER & BOYD, NO. 8 Wall St., in Kimball House.

Photographs.
SMITH & MOSES, 33 WHITEHALL STREET.

Millinery and Fancy Goods.
W. G. KNOX, NO. 30 WHITEHALL STREET.

Dry Goods and Carpets.
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO., 66 and 68 Whitehall street.

Oils and Flax Groceries.
JNO. T. HAGAN & CO., 114 WHITEHALL STREET.

Carriage Manufactory.
J. J. FORD, CORNER PRYOR and LINE STREETS.

Dye House.
JAMES LOCHREY.

Restaurant.
THOMPSON'S, JAMES BANK BLOCK.

Southern News.

The bonded debt of the city of Selma is $340,000.

A Louisville physician is in favor of compulsory cremation.

The Lookout Mountain Hotel has been sold in bankruptcy. It brought eighteen thousand dollars.

A party of St. Louis revivalists, under the lead of Rev. Mr. Hammond, is at work in Galveston, Texas.

Coal has been sold from barges on the Black Warrior river, lately, as low as six cents per bushel.

The wife of Attorney General Williams is said to be a native of Charlestown, West Virginia. Her maiden name was Hughes.

The Tuscaloosa Times says that the river rose fifty-five and a half feet at that city during the recent freshet.

In a comparatively short time, it is said, Texas will be the most important producer of white winter wheat in the Union.

The United States Supreme Court will adjourn early in May, after which Chief Justice Waite will make his first official tour to the Richmond and Baltimore districts.

Among the last acts of the Missouri Legislature was the passage of a law permitting the redemption of all lands or property delinquent for taxes prior to 1873, upon the payment of the face of the tax bill, striking off both the penalty and accrued interest.

A colored Mississippi legislator lately proposed a bill to make each member of the Legislature, present and future, a bona fide attorney and counsellor at law. His reasoning was direct: "For," said he, "if we know enough to make de laws, why don't we practice um?" Sure enough, why not?

Memphis Avalanche, 8th: "Caterpillars, buffalo gnats and mosquitos are already in season. A gentleman from rural land brought in the twig of an apple tree litterally covered with young caterpillars; another gentleman tells how he has been bitten by mosquitos while out fishing among the lakes and swamps, and still other relate tales of woe regarding the sufferings of the stock by gnats and sand flies.

A gentleman who arrived in Knoxville from Asheville on Thursday, states that the excitement occasioned by the volcanic disturbance of Bald Mountain has in a large measure subsided. The mysterious rumblings are still heard at times, and no satisfactory explanation of the noise has yet been given. A large number of scientific gentlemen and curious men of leisure have flocked to the scene. The prayer meetings have been discontinued, though the natives are busily engaged preying on the tourists.

Charleston News and Courier: "Weather having been rather favorable up to this time for the farmers around this city two of the leading products have commenced to go forward in considerable volume to Northern cities, and the steamship Champion, for New York, took on Saturday last 1,195 crates of green peas and about 4,000 quarts of strawberries. Should there be no disaster, fair crops of these articles may be expected in this neighborhood. Tomatoes were thrown back by the cold spell in March, and potatoes have been injured by the prevalence of wet weather, but should no further damage be sustained, the produce of the farms in this neighborhood should be fairly satisfactory."

The Quitman News, of Texas, gives the details of the most horrible death from hydrophobia, of a young Mr. Jones, at Hawkins, Wood county, on the 8th inst. The young man was bitten by a mad dog on the 30th of January, and after resorting to every remedy for relief was seized with convulsions, which continued for more than a day and night before he died. Another gentleman near Quitman, was at last accounts, having convulsions, and has, perhaps, ere this, fallen into the arms of death. Let every man in the country kill his pet dog, and soon the cry of mad dogs will be heard no more. The life of one good man is worth more than all the dogs in the country.

Whatever may be the upshot of the appeals and counter-appeals in connection with South Carolina, it is pretty certain that the State is not likely to have an exclusively white man's government very soon. The First Congressional District contains 56,014 whites, and 33,426 colored residents. In the Second, or Charleston District, there are 47,025 whites, and 35,661 colored. In the Third 66,419 whites, and 70,883 colored. In the Fourth, 75,873 whites, and 78,729 colored. In the Fifth, 44,836 whites, and 93,105 colored. The total population of the State is 289,667 whites and 415,814 colored—the majority of the latter being 126,147. If the proportion of voters is one in five of the population, the colored majority at the polls must be about 25,000. The Charleston News complains that the districts have been outrageously gerrymandered, geographical position being made wholly secondary to the interests of the colored voters.

MARINE.

SAVANNAH, April 11.—Arrived—Falcon, Ireland; Pensacola, Skadas, Drowsing, Smith, Franklin, Arbiturtar, Arthur, White, Eulens, Dupuis, Rudolph, Sage.

Port—Quiet.

TERRORS OF THE SEA.

The Tigress Disabled.

A THRILLING NARRATIVE OF DISASTER AND DEATH.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

NEW YORK, April 11.—A dispatch from St. Johns, New Foundland, in relation to the accident on the sealing steamer Tigress gives the following report: The Captain of the steamer Panther, the vessel which brought the intelligence to St. Johns on the 3d inst., states that the Panther was in longitude 51 deg, 15 min. west, and latitude 50 deg., 22 min. north on her return to St. Johns. The Captain out reported that the steamer was apparently moving only under sail.

As we approached her it was discovered that she had her flags at half mast. Subsequently and after signaling her, I ordered a boat to be lowered and went on board myself, when I discovered her to be the steamer Tigress, of Polaris fame. Her captain and chief officer were on deck when I got on board.

I was then informed that on April 2d, at 2 o'clock in the evening, the vessel was shaken by a terrific explosion of the boiler which created great terror and confusion, as the escaping steam at this time completely enveloped every copartment below, and in consequence all steam facilities had been destroyed, and they had then been under sail against head wind for 24 hours. When I reached the deck of the Tigress I observed that a number of men were engaged on carpenter wors, making up and uniting together a number of rough pine wood boxes; asked the commander what they were for, and he said they were designed for receiving the bodies of the unfortunate men who had been killed by the accident on the day of explosion; said the Captain of the Tigress to me that the weather was dreadfully wet and a rough breeze was blowing. A number of men had gone below and turned on the top of the boiler for the sake of warming. Nineteen of the crew were in this way when the crash occurred, and some of them were literally scalded beyond recognition. The consternation was fearful. Two engineers were on duty at the time and both were killed. We left them on the afternoon of the 3d making for land under sail, and promised to report the disaster immediately on our arrival. I did not ascertain the names of the men, as all the officers of the Tigress appeared in great grief, and could give but few particulars. The dispatch further says, that since the Captain's statement was made yesterday, it was learned that the Tigress had arrived off the coast, and had put into Bay Roberts, where in all probability she will land her dead and wait for assistance. After the Polaris matter had been disposed of, the Tigress was fitted out for a sea fishing trip, and was returning south at the time with her catch when the terrible disaster occurred.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The House has adopted a resolution declaring John D Young, of Kentucky, the sitting member, entitled to his seat.

THE BRECKENRIDGE HOMICIDE.

An Umbrella Quarrel.

LOUISVILLE, April 11.—Particulars of the shooting of young Breckenridge show that he and some of his companions had been drinking during the day, and a seemingly playful dispute arose between Breckenridge and John Anderson, son of the Mayor of Lebanon, about the possession of an umbrella belonging to Breckenridge. This was finally quieted, and Breckenridge asked the party to drink. While they were leaning over the bar Anderson suddenly drew a derringer, and placing it at Breckenridge's head, fired, the ball penetrating the brain. Anderson fled, and a posse are now after him.

GERMAN POLITICS.

BISMARCK WHIPS THE REFRACTORY INTO LINE.

LONDON, April 11.—The Marquis of Clanricard died yesterday, aged 73.

A Berlin dispatch to the Daily News says Bismarck distinctly warned several Liberal Deputies who called upon him yesterday that he would resign in favor of Manteufel unless the military question was settled. The Liberals afterward agreed to compromise as previously reported.

Bismarck's condition is improving.

LIVINGSTONE.

THE FUNERAL OF THE GREAT EXPLORER.

LONDON, April 11.—The funeral of Dr. Livingstone takes place on the 18th instant. The Government will pay $1,200 towards the expenses.

An appeal signed by Baroness Burdett Coutts, Miss Kurmaird, and Horace Waller, Sir Bartle Frere, and others, asks for subscription for the support of the children and two aged sisters of the deceased, who were in straightened circumstances

A HEAVY STRIKE.

15,000 MEN OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.

LONDON, April 11.—The operatives in the cotton mill at Bolton having struck work, the Association of Master Cotton Spinners has resolved that unless they yield before Thursday, notice will be given that in a fortnight from that date all the mills in that city will be closed, and thus 15,000 operatives will be locked out.

The Indian Famine.

SAID TO BE UNDER FULL CONTROL.

LONDON, April 11.—A special telegram from Calcutta to the Standard reports the famine is every where under control. The supplies of provisions by the Government are more than sufficient to meet the demand, and further aid by subscriptions in England are considered superfluous.

COLLISION ON THE OHIO.

ONE MAN DROWNED.

LOUISVILLE, April 11.—A few miles below this city last night the steamer Tarasion run into a skiff containing two persons. The skiff capsized and one of the occupants, Henry Hudson, of New York, was drowned. His companion had a narrow escape.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 17 1-8; Orleans 17¼.

Cotton sales for future delivery unchaned as follows: April, 16 8-16a16 8-8. May, 16 28-32a16 8-4. June, 17 7 32a17½. July 17 5-8. August, 17 18-16. October, 17.

Flour firm. Wheat a shade better. Corn steady. Pork heavy; mess $17. Lard steady; steam 10 1-15. Turpentine steady at 45½. Rosin quiet at $3 45a2 50 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks dull. Money 4. Gold 13½. Exchange—long $4 85 1-2; short, $4 88 1-3. Governments dull. State bonds quiet and nominal.

LONDON, April 11.—Consols 93 1-2. Erie 38 1-2.

PARIS, April 11.—Rentes 89f 65c.

LIVERPOOL, April 11.—Noon—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 12,000 bales, including [illegible] for export and speculation; sales of uplands [illegible] Orleans [illegible]

Religious.

Cardinal Barnabo was the one hundred and second cardinal who has died since Pius IX began to reign.

Germany has 50,000 Old Catholics, organized into ninety-two societies, which are ministered to by thirty-one priests.

In 1873, 140 members were added to the Society of Jesus, (Jesuits,) making the total number of members of the society 9,109.

Two persons in Philadelphia have given $10,000 each towards a building in that city for the Reformed Episcopal Church.

A modern thinker says that many people will be astonished when they get to heaven by finding angels laying no schemes to be archangels.

The Congregationalist states that out of 1,535 foreign missionaries sent out by the American board, only eight have died from violence.

The United Brethren have just dedicated their first church in the city of Philadelphia. It seems strange that in a city of near 800,000 people and 500 church edifices this denomination has not been represented.

There are in California not less than 550 organized churches of all denominations, and 600 church buildings erected, with an aggregate accommodation for 225,000 sittings. Church property is valued at $7,500,000. The Methodists lead in the number of local societies, having 190.

The growth of the Episcopal Church in Colorado will authorize its admission as a diocese by the coming general convention, to be held in October next. There are now thirteen churches building in the Territory, with a fair prospect of having several more built during the spring and summer.

The largest Baptist Church in the world, we suppose, is Mr. Spurgeon's, which returns a membership of 4,376. The second largest church is said to be the old First African in Richmond, Virginia, and the third is, curiously enough, in India. It would seem that seven years ago last September, there were but two native Christians in the city of Ongole, India; to-day the church there numbers 2,357 members.

It may be interesting to our readers to be reminded of the statistics of the Congregationalists of the United States, now that their distinctive principles are brought into such conspicuous notice. There were, by the last report, 2,487 churches, 318,916 church members, 371,110 in Sunday Schools. The denomination is said to be increasing in Great Britain, and, at a late meeting of the Congregational Union of England and Wales, in London, an increase of more than 300 churches was reported in alliance with the Union.

The New York Journal of Commerce says $35,000 worth of flowers were sold in that city and Brooklyn last week to be used in decorating the churches on Holy Thursday and Easter Sunday. Calla lilies, usually selling at fifteen cents retail, were forced up to seventy-five cents by a "corner among some of the retailers." One establishment sold five thousand in one week. The demand for camelias, roses, carnations, violets, lilies of the valley, and strings of smilax was so great that by noon on Saturday all of the growing houses where flowers were produced for the trade were cut clean. The decorations in some of the churches cost from $1,000 to $1,600.

The Nashville Christian Advocate of the 28th ult, publishes a "General Recapitulation" of the statistics of all the annual Conferences of the Southern Methodist Church, from which we make the following extracts:

Whole number of white lay members 659,677.

Whole number of colored members, 3,429.

Whole number of traveling preachers, 3,134.

Whole number of local preachers, 8,314

Whole number of superannuated preachers 287.

Whole number of Indian members, 4 779.

Increase of members during the year 1873, 22,044.

Number of infants baptized, 22,755.

Number of adults baptized, 37,454.

Number of Sunday schools, 7,019.

Number of scholars and teachers, 370,102.

Money collected for conference claimants, $64,013 60.

Money collected for missions, $96,644 31.

Summary of State News.

LAGRANGE.

The LaGrange people are making preparations to observe memorial day on Saturday, the 25th instant.——The Heard county treasury sports $289 42, and the people are happy.——A big tempe ance celebration came off at West Point last Tuesday. It was the occasion of the first anniversary of Lanier Lodge, No. 263, I. O. G. T.——The LaGrange Light Guards will picnic to the banks of the romantic Chattahoochee during the early part of May.—*Reporter.*

CARROLLTON.

Isaac Hogan, colored, charged with the murder of James Felton, was tried before Carroll Superior Court last week and acquitted.——The old gentleman who never swore an oath, took a drink of whisky, a cup of coffee, or a chew of tobacco, has turned up near Carrollton. This old gentleman, in addition to his other virtues, must be possessed of a very large number of estates. Carroll is only the seventeenth county that is claiming him.——It is reported that Captain White has procured the iron to complete the railroad to Carrollton, and that work will be commenced about the middle of this month.—*News.*

ELBERTON.

It is rumored that the many friends of Professor T. Cooper White, of Elbert, will insist upon his standing for Congress in this District at the next election.——It has come to light that R. W. Carpenter, the Blackshear murderer, was formerly a resident of Elberton.——The young men are striving to raise a brass band. Their difficulty does not arise from a want of gas, but of cash.—*Gazette.*

AUGUSTA.

The unsympathizing Police Court of this city puts would-be suicides in the chain gang Last Wednesday a dispondent darkey named Ed Hankinson was fished out of the river twice. The last time it was a policeman who pulled him out, and now the unhappy colored gentleman is working off his grief upon the streets.——The bad boys have again betaken themselves to throwing stones about the streets.——Augusta drew a $1,000 prize in the Louisville lottery.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

COLUMBUS.

The effects of Thursday's heavy rains in and about this place are terrible. The northern and eastern parts of the city suffered a good deal in the watering of cellars and the submersion of gardens. From the cupalo of the court house, looking to the southeast, appeared a vast sea dotted with verdant islands and white houses. Boys were floating about on planks, and one man turned out in his bathing tub and paddled around. Some people came in from adjoining villages in batteaux. The damage done to railroads is heavy. In the north and south Railroad are five breaks. At Rocky Creek on the Southwestern Road a trestle is gone, and an engine and three passenger cars are in the creek. Places on the Mobile and Girard Railroad are also badly washed. In the country the low lands are submerged, and bridges, mills and crops damaged.—*Enquirer.*

SANDERSVILLE.

On last Sunday evening Mr. Edwin Stubbs, of Sandersville, died from the effects of a shot in his head, inflicted by his brother-in-law, Mr. Jack Gray, last Christmas day. A post mortem examination showed that the ball had passed through a portion of the brain, and lodged in the posterior lobe of the brain on the left side. The fact that a man lived so long with a bullet in his head is certainly remarkable.—*Herald.*

MARKET REPORTS OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

No meeting of the Chamber of Commerce.

Corn—white 95c.

Hams—sugar-cured 13 1-2a14.

Wheat—white $1 40a1 70; amber $1 40a1 65; red $1 40a1 50.

Wheat Bran $1 20a1 25.

Oats—mixed 68a70.

Rye—$1 25a1 30.

Barley seed—None in market.

Corn meal 95.

Grits $5 per barrel.

Flour—Super $5 00a5 75; extra $6 50a8 00; family 8 00a9 75; extra family 9 00a9 75; fancy 10 00a10 75.

Coal—car, 25a40.

Lime—40a50.

Cement—$3 25a3 50.

Bacon—Clear sides 11; clear rib 10 3-4; shoulders 8 1-2a8 3-4.

Bulk—Clear sides 10; clear rib sides 9 3-4; shoulders 7 1-2a7 3-4.

Lard—Kegs 12; cans 12; tierces 11½; buckets 12¼.

Sheeting, etc—4-4 brown sheeting 11; 7-8 brown shirting 9 1-2; 8-4 brown shirting 7 1 2

Cotton yarn $1 40.

Coffee—Rio 27a30c; LaGuyra 33a36; Java 35a40c.

Sugar—A 11; white, extra C 10½; yellow C 10a10 1-2; Demerara 11a11 1-2.

Candles—18 per lb.

Hogs—6 cents gross.

Beef Cattle—3 1 2a5

Nails $5.

Soap, per box, $3 75a4 40.

Field peas $1 25.

Molasses—barrels 35; tierces 33.

Hay—Timothy 1 35a1 50; clover 1 00a1 25; millet $1 25a1 50; Tennessee $1a1 20.

Potatoes—Tennessee $1 50 per b rrel.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial—Gold, buying at 1 11; selling at 1 13. Silver, buying at 1 06; selling at 1 09.

Exchange—Buying at par; selling at 1-4 premium. Bonds and stocks—Georgia 6s 70a75; 7s 84a87; 8s 98a$1. Atlanta city bonds—7s 71a73; 8s 80a83. Augusta 80a82; Georgia Railroad stock, 91a93; Georgia Railroad bonds 90a93. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 74a78. Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 90a92. Central Railroad stock 77a80. Rome city 7s 58a63; Savannah 80.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—New Orleans 75a85; refined syrups 45a75; Sugar House molasses 35 cents in barrels.

NAILS—We quote at $5 for 10ds, and 25c. additional for diminishing grades.

SALT—We quote Virginia $3; Liverpool $2 per sack.

FISH—We quote as follows: Half barrels, Nos. 1 and 2, $8 75, $7 75; in kits Nos 1 and 2 $1 75. No No. 3 in market.

PEPPER—We quote at 30.

SPICE—We quote at 18a20.

GINGER—We quote at 16a17.

CRACKERS—5½a13.

SODA—We quote firm; kegs 7½; boxes 9.

RICE—We quote at 9¼a10; inferior 8a9.

TEAS—We quote Imperial at $1a1 50; Young Hyson $1 15a1 50; Black 75a$1 25. Gunpowder $1a1 50.

POWDER—Du Pont & Hazard's $7 50; Sycamore Mills $7 50; blasting $5 25; fuse per one hundred feet 65.

SHOT—We quote patent $3 75a2 80; buck $3 15a3 25.

LIQUORS—We quote common rectified whisky per gallon $1; Robertson county $1 25a3; Bourbon $1 75a5 50; corn whisky $1 50a1 75.

BROOMS—We quote at $2 50a4 50 per dozen.

SOAP—We quote at 5a8c per pound, or $3 a4 50 per box.

VINEGAR—Atlanta made commercial 28a35c; fancy 50a75.

PEAS—Stock $1 10a1 25; white $1 50 per bushel.

BEANS—White $2a2 25 per bushel.

Atlanta Produce Market.

DRIED FRUIT—Rough peaches 6a8; peeled nominal at 12 1-2a18

POTATOES—Sweet $1 00 per bushel. Irish $1 per bushel; per barrel $3 50a$4; seed $5a$5 50.

FEATHERS—We quote at 65 for prime selections; mixed 60a65.

BEESWAX—25c.

RAGS—3c.

POULTRY—We quote chickens at 25a27; good hens 33c.

EGGS—The price of eggs has stiffened. We quote at 12 1-2a13.

BUTTER—We quote good country at 25a30c; Tennessee 25a30.

ONIONS—We quote $3 50a3 00 per bushel.

WOOL—Washed 35a40c; unwashed 25.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

PRINTS—Wamsutta, 7½; Bedford, 8; Amoskeag, 7½a8½; Arnold, 7 1-2a8 1-2. Fancy stripes and polka dots 10 1-2 cents. All standard brands 10c. Garner 9½a9.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 11; 7-8 9 1-2c.; yarns $1 40; sewing and knitting thread 60c. Sheeting, etc.—Augusta and Graniteville—3 4 shirtings 7 1-2 per yard; 7-8 shirtings 9 1-2 per yard; 4-4 sheetings 11 per yard; 7-8 drill 11 1-2 per yard. Alabama and Georgia and Monitour goods are a 1-2 cent under the above quotations.

Sundries.

SEEDS—Clover $8 00; timothy $4 50; orchard grass $3 50a4; blue grass $2 50; herd's grass $2 50 Hungarian millet $3.

COTTON YARNS—We quote at $1 40 per bunch all numbers.

CANDIES—We quote stick candy 14½a16; common fancy 17a25.

TOBACCO—Common sound 42a45; low medium 47a50; medium 52a55; fine 60a70. extra fine 80a$1; Spencer's, Calhoun $1 13; Princess twist 85; Brown's Log Cabin $1 00

IRON—Bar iron $4 25 two horse tyer, axes $13 50a14; steel 20a22; shovels, Ames', $15; horse and mule shoes 7 1-2a8 1-2; horse shoe nails 20a30.

OIL—Kerosene 28.

LEATHER—Sole, hemlock good damaged 25 1-2a28; good 29a33. White oak 40a50 Black upper 40a55.

BLUE BUCKETS—$2 75 per dozen.

WITHDRAWAL.

Mr. Isaac Elsas, of the firm of Elsas, May & Co.

SOUTHERN BAG MANUFACTORY,

has this day withdrawn and relinquished all his rights, etc., in said firm.

The Firm Name Remains Unchanged.

ELSAS, MAY & CO.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1st, 1874.

New Firm.

[ISAAC ELSAS. MOSES ADLER.

THE UNDERSIGNED, this day formed a Copartnership under the style of

ELSAS & ADLER,

To continue the

Paper, Rag and Hide Business,

at the old stand of ELSAS, MAY & CO., known as the FORMER 3D MARKET HOUSE

By close attention and fair dealing we hope to make our business a success.

ELSAS & ADLER.

Atlanta, Ga., April 1st, 1874.

To Our Former Patrons of the JUNK TRADE.

WE take pleasure to recommend Messrs. Elsas & Adler as successors to us in our Junk Business, and as worthy and industrious gentlemen.

ELSAS, MAY & CO.

MARK W. JOHNSON

Begs to announce the arrival of his stock of

Reapers and Mowers, Threshers

OUR CLOTHING IS RECOMMENDED

FIRST. FOR ITS GOOD QUALITY.
FIRST. FOR ITS GOOD QUALITY
FIRST. FOR ITS GOOD QUALITY
SECOND. FOR ITS GOOD MAKE.
SECOND. FOR ITS GOOD MAKE.
SECOND. FOR ITS GOOD MAKE.
THIRD. For the UNDOUBTED PRICES.
THIRD. For the UNDOUBTED PRICES.
THIRD. For the UNDOUBTED PRICES.

We offer the finest stock of READY-MADE SPRING CLOTHING ever produced in America at prices they could not be bought for during the late panic.

COMPARE THESE PRICES AND CONVINCE YOURSELF.

	Others sell for.	Our Price.
Suits	$15 00	$12 00
Suits	20 00	15 00
Coats	9 00	6 50
Coats	16 00	12 50
Pants	7 00	5 75
Pants	8 50	6 50
Vests	4 50	3 75
Vests	12 00	9 00
Youths' Suits	16 00	13 00
Youths' Suits	22 00	18 00
Youths' Suits	10 00	7 00
Boys' Suits	14 00	10 00

OTHER GOODS AT PROPORTIONATELY LOW RATES.

NO LAST YEAR'S STOCK.

Inspection and Trial solicited. Patterns sent post free. Requests should give outline of kind preferred.

O. K. CLOTHING STORE, CLOTHING STORE, 82 Whitehall Street, Whitehall Street. ISAAC H. HAAS.

apr7-dtf

RETURNED

I HAVE RETURNED TO THE CITY, and am ready to attend to my patients as heretofore.

ARTHUR C. FORD,
Dentist, 41 Broad Street.

apr8—dfri sun

TO LIVERY MEN!

The Archer Livery Stable.

FOR LEASE and FOR SALE

I WILL sell my Lease on the Archer Livery Stable extending to June, 1876 for the remainder of the term. Also my entire stock, consisting of Horses, Mules, Carriages, Buggies, Harness, etc., etc.

It consists of everything needed in a

FIRST-CLASS LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT,

All in the very best condition.

I have made arrangements to go into other business. A bargain in the above property can be had.

I will Lease the Stable Building to any one who wants it, without obliging him to buy the Stock and Buggies. The building will make a capital COTTON WAREHOUSE.

CLINT TAYLOR,
Atlanta, Ga.

apr10—d1w

HAMMETT & HARRIS,

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS for Wood, Tabor & Mores and Baxter Steam Engines. Saw Mills, Thrashers, Cotton Gins and Screws, etc., can be found at AIR-LINE HOUSE, Atlanta, Georgia.

Or our office in COVINGTON, GEORGIA.

Send for circular and price list.

mar.4—d&wtf

WILBUR F. JOHNSON. MARK W. JOHNSON.

Mark W. Johnson & Bro.,

BROKERS,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Receiving, Forwarding, General Purchasing

— AND —

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

STATE AGENTS FOR

Wilson's New Shuttle Sewing Machine, Remington's Pistols, Rifles, Military Goods, Breech Loading Shot Guns and Ammunition. Agents wanted. Send for Circulars. apr10—dlm

Central Railroad House

JONESBORO, GEORGIA.

William Hammett and Lady

HAVE leased that magnificent NEW BRICK HOTEL recently erected in Jonesboro, Georgia and furnished it throughout with New Furniture

The Lessees promise to spare no pains or expense to please their patrons.

aug5—dtf

DISSOLUTION.

ATLANTA, GA., APRIL 1, 1874.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between Jas. H. Porter and Reese H. Butler, as the firm of Porter & Butler, of the Atlanta Machine works, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

JAS. H. PORTER,
REESE H. BUTLER.

Mr. J. H. Porter having purchased the entire interest of Mr. R. H. Butler, will continue the business at the same stand. apr11—d4t

THE MILD POWER OF

CURES

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

HAVE PROVED, FROM THE MOST ample experience, an entire success. Simple, Prompt, Efficient and Reliable. They are the only medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger; and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have the highest commendation from all, and will always render satisfaction. Price, in large three-dram vials, with directions:

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	25
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	25
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	25
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	25
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	25
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	25
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	25
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Ague,	25
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	25
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	25
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	25
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	25
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	25
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	25
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	25
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	25
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	25
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	25
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	25
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	25
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	25
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	25
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	25
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00

Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 5 00

Single remedies are sent by the case or single box to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

Humphreys' Specific Homœopathic Medicine Co., Office and Depot, No. 562 Broadway, New York.

For Sale by all Druggists.

SECOND DISTRIBUTION.

ONE GIFT VALUED AT $3,750,

AND ONE OF A

Large Magnificent Organ!

FOR CHURCH OR PARLOR.

Premiums for Counties and Agents.

We present the following heretofore unparalled premium plan for subscribers to THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION:

FOR AGENTS.

To the Agent sending us the largest list of annual subscribers within ninety days—FIRST PREMIUM ..... $100 in gold.

To the Agent sending the *second* largest list.....50 00 "

To the Agent sending us *third* largest list—New Sewing Machine 50 00

To the lady sending us the largest list, a splendid, full-sized, first class, Sewing Machine 125 00

To the lady sending second largest list, first class Sewing Machine 85 00

To the lady sending third largest list, a fine Sewing Machine 75 00

These premiums are unconditional. For instance, if only one agent enters the fields, he gets the 1st, premium

Fulton county excepted—Also, our general traveling agents Acton and Anderson. One daily counts five. Weeklies.

COUNTY PREMIUM

These presents are to be awarded, 1st, just as they are, *without change in any respect*, so that some subscriber shall become possessor of one-fourth interest in the building, for which we guarantee at least $400 rent for the first year. 2d, the Distribution takes place under the public superintendence of *subscribers*. 3d, all daily subscribers paying *one year* in advance receive a card for each year so paid, provided there are no arrearages at the time of subscribing; if so, they must be paid. A club of five weeklies at $2 each gets a card It will be remembered that a Madison county club of farmers carried home $1,250 in gold from our first Distribution. Make up clubs

SPECIAL PREMIUM

To those subscribers who will obtain cards within the first *forty* days, we will present a fine, beautiful gold watch, price $100, to be awarded by lot on March 10th.

REMARKS.

Having recently distributed *several thousand* dollars in gold, in Pianos, Sewing Machines, and in many good books and other articles in compliance with every letter of our promise, it is hardly necessary to assure the public that the above programme will be faithfully carried out. *This is our last Distribution* By request, we offer to the county sending us the largest number of subscribers for our Second Distribution, a magnificent Church or Parlor organ..... $750 00

This will be sent to our agent or other appointed person in the premium county to be disposed of among the subscribers of that county as they may prefer—the subscribers *participating in the second Distribution. Fulton county excepted.*

PREMIUMS for SUBSCRIBERS.

In order to carry out our original design to have all subscriptions in advance upon our books, and to grant the request of many unable to participate in the first Distribution, we now offer the following general and

Grand Distribution List:

One-fourth interest in CONSTITUTION Building, valued at..... $3,750 00

1 magnificent genuine Oil Painting, size 36x40, heavy gilt frame—(scene on the Etowah, near Colonel Mark A. Cooper's residence)..... 100 00

1 splendid Sewing Machine..... 85 00

1 fine Sewing Machine..... 75 00

2 Sewing Machines ($60 each)..... 120 00

1 Lamb's splendid Knitting Machine..... 75 00

1 Sewing Machine..... 60 00

1 Sewing Machine..... 40 00

50 other Presents (to be named hereafter)

THE CONSTITUTION

Is the journal for the Masses, for the Lawyer, Merchant, Farmer, Mechanic—emphatically the "People's Paper;" contains the latest news from all parts of the world; is filled with choicest reading, thrilling stories, illustrations, etc. Having the largest circulation of any Southern daily outside of New Orleans, Louisville and Richmond, it is therefore the paper for the advertiser.

Persons competing for the Agents' Premium, will please notify us to obtain terms, and be entered upon our books.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We confidently assert that our Job Office facilities are *unsurpassed in the South.* Books, Cards, Blanks, *everything in the line,* printed to order.

Address,

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

THE magnificent finely shaded

FOUR ACRE LOT,

fronting on Hayne and Davis streets about 75 yards from the termini of the Taylor Rhil-Road Car Lines has been divided into lots 54 feet front by 132 feet deep, with an alley 35 feet wide in rear of the row, and is now offered at private sale on the most accommodating terms, viz: One third cash, balance in one and two years with ten per cent interest per annum, payable semi-annually.

Also, that splendid acre lot, corner of Houston and Butler streets, will be divided to suit purchasers, and sold on the same terms. Titles unquestionable. For particulars enquire of J. A. ALEXANDER, apr1—wed fri sat 3w 45 Whitehall street.

For Sale.

A CARRIAGE AND HARNESS, almost new. Also, a HORSE.

feb4-dtf L. KELLINGHATH,
No. 72 Marietta street.

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

ATHENS, April 1st, 1874.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned until 1st m., 1st May, 1874, for the construction of a building for the use of the Georgia State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts in the following manner, viz:

1. Digging the foundation and erecting the brick walls, 75 feet above the ground, and 3 feet below, including the basement & Terrace, 2d, the carpenter work, 3d, the painting, 4. The cornice, 5. The roofing, 6. The plastering, 7. The mason work, 8. The iron work.

GENERAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Cards of six lines or less, under this head inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

LAWYERS.

R. W. H. NEAL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, THOMSON, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Augusta and Middle Circuits. apr10—d1y

S. M. WISE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, AUGUSTA, Ga., will practice in the courts of the Augusta Circuit.

Special attention given to the collection of claims. apr4—d1y

L. C. HOYL, ATTORNEY AT LAW

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the various Courts is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we can not undertake either to return or preserve.

General Traveling Agents:

T. M. ACTON and J. W. ANDERSON.

ATLANTA:

SUNDAY, APRIL 12, 1874.

Brevities.

A Wisconsin dairyman asks for information about the "cremation" business.

Intoxication and costly funerals are the two greatest evils of the day.

England is about to pay the bill for the reception of the Shah last summer. The account has gone into the House of Commons, and the whole bill will be about eighty thousand dollars.

The English papers say that the beauty of the Duchess of Edinburg does not equal popular expectation, and that she was severely criticised by the crowds through which she passed on her reception in London.

Hon Jefferson Davis is said to be very ill, in London, with dropsy of the heart. His condition gives rise to serious apprehension for his ultimate recovery. His wife and childr n are n w in New Orleans, but will doubtless immediately re-join him.

The Marquis of Lorne has been adopted by the people to a certain extent as the popular representative at Court, and they therefore noticed with pleasure, that in spite of the reports of his having been snubbed in German Court circles, his position at the State dinner at Windsor Castle, was among the most prominent.

When Gen. Breckenridge was in Pine Bluff, Ark., recently, Newman, of the Press, got up a little interview with the distinguished ex-Confederate. Breckenridge is not the easiest man in the world to get anything out of and Newman,s success was limited. Said he: "General, what do you think of Alexander Stephens?" The response was prompt: "I think he is in very bad health." Newman subsided.

The English census of 1871, the general report of which is just published, shows that 3,658,681 women of the age of fifteen and upwards are engaged in some employment. This number does not include married women, of whom there are about 4,000,000 in Great Britain. In 1861 the number of women returned as engaged in occupations was 2,655,000. There has been an increase of thirty per cent. in twenty years, whereas the general increase has been but twenty-one per cent.

The facility with which Democrats have been unseated in the House of Representatives and Republicans put in their places by the Republican majority in that body, moves the New York Herald to say: "Had all the defeated Republican candidates at the last Congressional election contested the seats which they had lost, there is every evidence that before the close of the first session of the Forty-third Congress, the House would be unanimously Republican." The defeated Republicans will, no doubt, regret they had not thought of this earlier.

The way money goes is shown in the case of the late Legrand Lockwood's marble palace and forty acres of finely ornamented grounds in Norwalk, Connecticut, now offered for sale for less than $350,000, the cost of which was between two and three millions. There are doors which cost $3,000 each, a billiard room that cost $10,000, forty-nine rooms gorgeously decorated with polished marble, inlaid woodwork, frescoes, etc., and not two rooms alike; and then there are the conservatories, stables, porter's lodge, and other buildings, all on the same extravagant scale.

Late London letter: It is understood that the Queen is greatly charmed with her new daughter-in-law, and she is also delighted with the reception of Thursday. It has, in fact, operated upon her as quite a revival of interest in life, and it is expected that she will now come out much more into public than she has done since the Prince Consort's death. I met her driving in the Kensington Gardens this morning, and talking as brightly and merrily to her daughter Beatrice as in the old days when she used to ride there with her nurse on a donkey. The Queen has intimated that she will accompany the Duke and Duchess to a great civic entertainment to be given by the Lord Mayor and corporation about the second week after Easter.

Public Libraries.

Nearly every week our State exchanges contain reports of efforts to establish new public libraries. Not only are the larger towns trying to secure cheap reading by co-operation, but the smaller communities are determined to possess similar privileges. We can name a string of places in the State that have taken or are taking steps for the formation of public libraries. This commendable movement evinces an increased degree of intellectual activity, and we hope it will keep right on until every city and village is supplied with a stock of books that are within the reach of all.

We trust that we will be pardoned for claiming that this newly-aroused literary spirit is partially due to the fine success of the Young Men's Library Association of Atlanta. The projectors of the new institutions will, perhaps, deny this, but we shall still persist in believing that they are partly mistaken. The success of such an institution is always full of influence, and when the successful example is located at the capital of a State, where it is visited by representative men from every county, who go back home to narrate its conveniences and comforts and advantages and economy, who will say that that it is not of itself a power? Indeed, it is; but whether the Young Men's Library is entitled to the credit that we claim for it or not, we are glad that so many of the towns of Georgia, both big and little, are keeping step to the music of cheap books.

There is no town too small for a public library. Five families or five individuals constitute an admirable club for the purchase and use of books, especially of current publications. That number can form a library association, with a single set of ..., and get all the books they need for a comparatively small sum of money. And as the number of members increases the cost of books decreases *per capita*. In this city the price of two average books each year practically gives a family a growing library of five thousand volumes, and about fifty journals and magazines, with the enjoyment of elegant rooms and their varied contents thrown in. Co-operation works well when applied to most things, but never better than in the gathering of books. It enables a community to avail itself of the most liberal discounts, and to enlarge the mission of every volume thus purchased. The book is not read once and cast away to hold the dust of ages, but it is handed around to enlighten and bless the world. A public library brings books to the door of the poor, constitutes a rallying point for intellectual efforts and gradually ... refining, elevating spirit, which cannot be fully estimated because imperceptible, but which is rarely overestimated, ... such enterprises God-speed. ... seen in the old land will intensify ... precious moment. ... do so if it contains ... young men or

Union Prayer Meetings.

These daily meetings in Atlanta are well attended and give promise of a glorious result. The interest is growing, and may God speed the good work.

Editorial Change.

Mr. Monroe, the excellent editor of the Griffin News, retires from that journal, and Mr. A. M. Speights takes his place. Mr. Monroe has graced the editorial chair, and his retirement will be a matter of regret to the fraternity. We greet his successor cordially.

Victor Hugo.

A writer in one of the illustrated papers recounts some of the marked peculiarities of the French literary celebrity, Victor Hugo. He rarely writes himself, but walks the floor with head high in air and a sniffing nose dictating to a secretary slowly.

Hugo is a man of huge vanity. He compares himself to Moses, and thinks only Moses and himself capable of writing the first books of the Bible.

He is a large eater, consuming fish and beef-steak enough for a small family. All of which is very interesting.

☞ The New York Tribune, which, until 1872, followed the Republican party in all its fortunes, thus speaks of its degeneracy and its impotence for good:

"The party in power has no principles that it has not betrayed; no policy upon which its leaders are agreed; no leaders whose authority is recognized beyond a circle of personal adherents; no cohesion except for the retention of office and power; no title whatever to public confidence, except that it flies the flag of a party which once did good and honest work, and deserved to be trusted. It is as if a fleet that had been equipped in the interest of philanthropy to sweep the slave trade from the seas, after accomplishing its work, had turned to plundering the innocent and preying upon the commerce of the world. It is the Captain Kidd of modern politics"

Cotton—Volume 11, No. 32.

The receipts this week are 49,000 bales, the same amount as last year, and 14,000 more than two years since. It is likely the receipts for next week will be about 43,000 bales, compared with 56,000 last year and 33,000 the year before; and the receipts at interior towns 8,000 bales, compared with 9,000 last year and 7,000 the year before.

The thermometer has ranged 66 degrees at noon. Clear and pleasant five days, and cloudy and rainy two days. Rain fall for the week 3.06 of an inch.

Next week last year the thermometer was 61 degrees at noon. Clear and pleasant five days, and cloudy and warm two days. No rain. Light frost two nights.

WEATHER.

The rain, this week, was very heavy a portion of the time. Over an inch fell in one shower of thirty minutes. Fifty per cent. more rain has fallen this week than fell during the whole month of April, last year. There was a very light frost the morning of the 11th, but nothing killed or touched, with frost thermometer 40 degrees at 6 A M. All danger from frost is now over for this Spring, and a large fruit crop is now a certainty.

ATLANTA MARKET.

RECEIPTS.

	1874	1873
Receipts this week	141	310
Receipts previously	61,149	27,021
	61,291	27,331
SHIPMENTS.		
Shipments this week	135	325
Shipments previously	49 253	25,400
	49 388	25,625
STOCK.		
Stock on hand	2,003	1,606
PRICE.		
Low middling	14¾	17¾

Up to the end of March we thought the receipts at this city would be 50 per cent more than last year for the balance of the season, but now we think they will be no more than last year—probably about the same amount, 3,250 bales.

RECEIPTS.

The daily receipts at all ports for next week, for the past four years, are as follows:

	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.
Saturday	5,909	8 934	3 63	5,046
Monday	10 645	16 047	9,743	10 894
Tuesday	5,718	9,555	9,875	9,167
Wednesday	7 044	9,080	3 486	9,111
Thursday	5 491	9,793	3,649	14,313
Friday	6,095	10,165	7,143	7,252
Various	1,133	404	503	1,123
	43 009	61,962	37,480	55,912

NEW YORK.

The market this week, on account of the Easter holidays, has been open but five days, the same as last week. Spots have been quiet and dull; sales 10,660 bales. No change in the price. Contracts have been quiet; sales 93,000 bales, at a rise of ¼ of a cent in the price.

LIVERPOOL.

The market has been quiet, with medium sales. No change in the price. One cause of the continued dullness this week at the time our receipts were falling off quite fast, was, the market was open only four days, and the imports were very large—140,000 bales, 111,000 of which were American. But the total amount afloat for that place is now 100,000 bales less than last year. We expect a more active market there next week with possibly a rise in the price.

ALBANY, GA., April 8, 1874.

Since my last letter the weather has been very favorable for crops, with the exception of a very heavy storm of rain and hail on yesterday. Farmers are generally through planting cotton and many are chopping out. The prospect at this time is very encouraging to the planter, and if nothing serious should occur hereafter, the cotton crop in this section will be large.

DECATUR COUNTY, GA., April 6, 1874.

We have had very heavy rains lately. Some of the earliest planted cotton is being chopped out. The planting in this section is about over. The cotton crop is two weeks earlier than last year. The acreage put in cotton this year will be from ten to fifteen per cent less than last year. The fertilizers used will be only from twenty to twenty-five per cent. of last year.

Nearly all the cotton about here has been sold since the last rise in price; very little left; about half as much as last year.

NORTHERN SPINNERS.

These persons are not buying much spot cotton in New York, for reasons given under head of small sales; but they are buying largely at the Southern ports; much more so than last year. For the past three months they have taken from all the ports 359,000 bales, compared with 296,000, or twenty-one per cent. more than last year, same time, and notwithstanding the panic and stoppage of the mills last fall, they have taken up to this time 825,000 bales, which is about the same amount as they bought last year, same time.

SMALL SALES.

We expect sales of spot cotton in New York to be generally small for some time, because many spinners and exporters wanting cotton have bought contracts and will receive the cotton on them when offered. Therefore, they will not need to buy spot cotton. This will reduce the stock of cotton in New York at the end of each month, and also will tend to assist the bulls in case they should wish to corner the market at the end of any month.

SOUTHERN MARKETS OPEN.

40 per cent. more, and from several points we hear the supply remaining on plantations is quite small.

EXPORTS TO CONTINENT.

The course that our exports are taking this spring is favorable to higher prices in Liverpool. For five weeks in March our exports were 300,000 bales in excess of last year. Of this excess 84,000 bales were shipped to Liverpool and 116,000 bales to the continent, making the shipments to the continent for the month of March 195,000 bales, compared with 81,000 bales last year same time.

PRICE.

The circumstances favoring better prices this year and last are, to our mind, as divergent as possible. Last year the price was 2 1-2 cents higher than now. The planting was believed to be 10 per cent. more than the year before. The demand for fertilizers was enormously large—much larger than could be supplied, and the receipts were so large during April and May, that the estimates of the crop were being constantly increased; whilst this year the price is low the planting will be over 10 per cent. less. The demand for fertilizers is so slack that manufacturers are very blue, and will have to carry over large stocks, and the indications are that we shall have a constantly decreasing estimate of the crop. Now if, under all the discouraging prospects to higher prices last year, the price rose 1¼ cents a pound to 21 cents by the 17th of June, is it not likely it may, under all the favorable circumstances, rise to 20 cents some time in June this year?

PROSPECTS

Last week we wrote: "Future contracts for June or July, bought at any time during this month, when the *market is dull*, will make money if sold out in time." And we still think so. But some of our friends, fearing the cotton would all be sold before they could buy some, bought right at the top of the excitement, on the 6th, and now regret their hasty action. If you wish to buy contracts in April, always buy when the market is dull—never when excited.

A BRAVE ICELAND GIRL.

Feminine Bare-Back Riding—The Parting Kiss on the River.

Mr. S. E. Waller started for a trip in Iceland in June, 1872. He gives an account of "Six Weeks in the Saddle," in a little volume from which we get an idea of the customs of the people there. The Icelanders are almost inconveniently hospitable. It is difficult to get a farmer, who keeps you for a day or two, to accept pay. Our author seems to have done his best to requite his hosts by making himself amusing. Here we have an instance of native kindness and feminine courage:

In the morning I made a small study, and after a very tolerable meal and many good wishes, we rode off. All went well until we came to the river Markafljot, which happened to be very much flooded. Not liking to attempt to swim under the circumstances, we rode on down the bank for some miles, and fortunately found a house.

Knocking at the door, we asked, 'Is the river very deep?' "Very," said a voice from the inside.

"Is there a man who will show us a ford?" we asked again.

"No," was the reply, "both John and Olavr are up in the mountains, but one of the girls will do quite as well. Here, Thora go and show the Englishman the way."

Immediately an exceedingly handsome young woman ran out, and noddling kindly to me, went around to the back of the house, caught a pony, put a bridle on it, and not taking the trouble to fetch a saddle, vaulted on his bare back, and sitting astride, drove her heels into his sides and galloped off down the riverbank as hard as she could go, shouting for us to follow.

We became naturally rather excited at such a display of dash on the part of such a pretty girl, and started off immediately in But though we did our utmost to catch her, she increased her distance hand over hand. There was no doubt about it; she had as much courage as ever we could boast of, and, in point of horsemanship, was a hundred yards ahead of either of us.

For about half a mile we rattled along, when suddenly she pulled up short on a sand bank.

"You can cross here," she said, "but you must be careful. Make straight for that rock right over there, and when you have reached it, you will be able to see the cairn of stones we built to show the landing place."

"All right," I said. "Good-by."

She looked puzzled for a moment, and then said: "I'll come through with you; it will be safer."

"Good gracious, Bjarni, don't let her come," I said; "she is sure to be drowned, and I can't get her out with all these wet clothes on; tell her to go back."

But before I was half way through the sentence, she had urged her horse into the water, and in a moment was twenty yards into the river. Of course I followed as quick as possible, and, after a great deal of splashing, reached the middle of the flood. "Now," she said, bringing her horse up abreast with mine, and pointing with her whip, "there's the mark."

The water was running level with the horses' withers, and it was only by lifting their heads very high that they could keep their noses clear.

"Good-bye," she said, "God bless," and before I was quite aware of it kissed me on the cheek.

I was about to return the compliment, but she was gone, and a few minutes after we saw her, a mere speck in the distance, galloping over the plain.

Kissing in Iceland is a custom similar to shaking hands here. I had thought of it in ordinary situations, but a kiss in the midst of boundless waters was, to say the least of it, strange. It was certainly the wettest one I ever had in my life.

What Gen. Grant Offered to Judge Black.

Washington cor. of the St. Louis Republican.]

One day during the late unpleasantness concerning the Chief Justiceship, when among the wild rumors that were flying about the Row and the hotels, was one to the effect that after Cushing would come Jere Black. I met the famous Pennsylvanian pacing up and down a corridor in the Eobitt House, as is his wont after dinner. Said I: "Judge Black, is it true that the President has signified his intention of nominating yourself for Chief Justice in case Mr. Cushing is rejected?"

The Judge raised his hat, adjusted his wig, and proceeded to say: "The President has tendered to me and I have accepted the highest and most honorable position that can be held under his administration."

Here I waited expectant—

"The proud position of a private citizen," pursued Judge Black, imperturbably.

"Oh," said I.

"Yes," said the Judge.

"Ah!" said I.

Well, this reminded me of a small boy. The small boy was at a Methodist revival, and the minister, at the close of a fervid exhortation, asked everybody who wanted to go to heaven to rise up. All rose except the small boy. "Now," said the man of God, with awful solemnity, "if there is any one here who wants to go to hell, let him rise up." Instantly the small boy became perpendicular. A groan sounded over the sanctuary.

"Poor boy," said the minister, "do you really want to go to hell?"

"Well," replied the small boy, "I can't say that is my main object; but I don't fancy this crowd, and I am bound to get out of it if I have to go to hell to do it."

WASHINGTON.

A grand masquerade ball is on the tapis for Washington, and will probably come off early in May. A large number of guests will be invited from a distance.——A Mr. John Lawson, of Talliaferro county tried to use his shot gun as a walking stick the other day and, in [illegible]

LATE CUBAN BATTLES.

THE INSURGENTS GET THE WORST OF IT.

NEW YORK, April 11.—A letter from Havana says, from an official statement of the late great battle at Gussemas it appears that the first and third brigades, under the command of Brigadier General Arminon encountered the enemy on the 18th ult., at Gausemas, standing a severe action, which lasted until the 19th. The Cubans were charged with great bravery by the Spanish cavalry on the first day and the Cubans suffered very great losses and were obliged to return, thus permitting the Spanish column to encamp on the battlefield. The renewed attacks of the former on the 16th, 17th and 18th ceased entirely upon the arrival of General Bascones with two battalions and one piece of artillery. Bascones took command of all the troops, and directed the march towards the capital of the department, with the object of procuring rations for the troops and interring the dead in Gimaguayne. The Cubans were beaten while attempting to stop their way. This was accomplished in a short time. The loss of the Spanish in this engagement was 1 officer and 6 others killed, and 3 officers and 28 soldiers wounded.

The bands of insurgents in this encounter suffered greatly, leaving on the field their dead and some horses, besides arms and ammunition. In the action of Gausya there were plenty of bodies left on the field, but the insurgents carried away many of the Spanish. The loss was six officers and eighty-eight soldiers killed, one chief, nineteen officers and eighty-nine soldiers, and one chief, thirteem officers and 108 men slightly wounded.

HAVANA, April 11.—General Riquelme assumed the duties of segundo coboship yesterday.

It is announced in the Official Gazette today that all slaves furnished to the government in accordance with a decree issued during the administration of Captain General Jovellar shall be organized as soldiers under white officers. They are to serve five years, and at the expiration of their term will be declared free. Their compensation will be the same as that of the regular troops. Free colored persons who enter the government's service will be assigned to transport duty.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Secretary Richardson and the President have had a long interview.

HOUSE.

Mr. Herndon, of Texas, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a substitute for the bill to incorporate the Internal Land and Immigrant Company, which was ordered printed and recommended.

The House spent the whole day voting on various amendments and substitutes for the currency bill, but no one proposition submitted could command a majority at the adjournment. The previous question was pending on the bill and various amendments, including the Senate bill, which was offered by Butler, of Massachusetts, as a substitute for the House bill. The question comes up again on Tuesday.

WEATHER.

CLEAR WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—For the South Atlantic and Gulf States east of the Mississippi river, clear weather and rising temperature.

G'Lang.

LIVELY RACES AT AUGUSTA.

NEW ORLEANS RACES.

AUGUSTA April 11.—The race between Hickory Jack and Casel Duke, mile heats, best three in five, to harness, for a purse of $1,000, took place at Lafayette Race Course this afternoon. John Chambers entered Hickory Jack and Jas. W. Crawford entered Basil Duke. The latter won the race in three straight heats. Time, 2:41 1-2, 2:35 1-2, 2:39 1-2. A large crowd was in attendance. About $6,000 changed hands.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—The Louisiana Jockey Club's spring meeting commenced to-day.

First race, mile and a quarter, for all ages for club purse of $500—first horse $400 second horse $100. This race was won by Ortolan, Sallie Watson 2d and Portleoanard 3d.

Time 2:10¼.

In the pools Watson sold for 200 and Ortolan for 60.

Second Race—This race was for the Pickwek stake, one mile heat for three year olds, $25 entrance, p. p., with one thousand added —2d horse to receive two hundred and 3d one hundred. There were thirty-two nominations to six starters. Bonaventure won, Ida Wells 2d, others distanced.

Time 1:51, 1:50¼, 1:54.

Third Race—This race for all ages for club purse of $700 was won by Silent Friend.

Time 5:40 1 2,

EARLY STARS.

LONDON, April 11.—Intelligence has been received from the gold coast that the King of the Ashantees has signed a treaty with England sent him by sir Garnet Wolsely, but has given no guarantees that he will execute its provisions.

BOSTON, April 11.—Twenty-first ballot—Dawes 68, Hoar 54, Curtis 63, Adams 14, Sandford 7 Banks 6, Washburn 4, A. H. Bullock 15, Coward Lorned (?) 3, Judge Pittman and Whittier each 1. The convention adjourned until Monday.

ST. LOUIS, April 11.—The Democrat has information that Arthur McCoy, who has been connected with the notorious James and his younger brothers, was shot and killed in Arkansas six weeks ago, and Frank James was wounded in a fight with the party who were in pursuit of them.

BALTIMORE, April 11.—Martin Sperlin, aged 14, while out gunning with his father accidently shot himself, the entire load of bird shot entering his head, face and breast. It is probable he will die.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., April 11.—Five fishing vessels and nineteen lives have been lost from this port this season.

ALABAMA MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

SELMA, April 11.—The State Medical Association meets in this city on the 18th inst. There is a prospect for the largest meeting ever held. Physicians from all parts of the State are expected.

A STRANGE DEATH.

AN INSURANCE MURDER — THE BODY MISSING.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The Board of Health issued a permit for the burial of Louisa Germs who died at the house of Dr. Ernest Uhling, on whose certificate a burial permit was granted. The funeral interment followed soon. It is rumored that Uhling and Miss Germs had been engaged and that the doctor had taken out a joint policy of ten thousand dollars in the Merchants' Life Insurance Company, which policy was to revert to him in case of her death. Suspicion followed that the death of the young woman was the result of malpractice, and an affidavit to this effect was made and submitted to the coroner. He sent for Uahing, who expressed great sorrow for the death of the young woman and insisted that she died a natural death. The insurance company was not satisfied.

The coroner ordered the body to be exhumed, and issued a warrant for the arrest of Uhling, he to await the result of the investigation. The disinterment took place today and the coffin was taken to the morgue and opened, when, instead of the body, was found nineteen bricks wrapped in paper and kept in place by laths. Charles Fink, the undertaker, has been arrested.

MACON.

It was reported on Sunday night that a trestle on the [illegible] Railroad had given way, [illegible]

"GOOD NIGHT."

"Good night, good night!" the silver tone is ringing
Like a sweet bell that calls to prayer at eventide;
And round my neck the children's arms are clinging,
With the soft sleep that none can turn aside.

Watch her to-night for me. Thou dear Redeemer,
Give her Thine own best gift of sweet repose;
Let angel-guards surround the little dreamer
With folded wings, and eyes that never close.

Thy blessing maketh rich, nor addeth sorrow;
Thy love can turn life's darkness into day.
Be with my child when she shall wake to-morrow,
And keep her feet from every evil way.

Then when the last gray shadows have descended
Over the lonely valley, still and deep,
Let angels whisper, "Lo! the toil is ended;
"Good night; He giveth His beloved sleep."

MINNIE MORELAND.

OR,

LOVE'S DESPERATION.

A Story of Front or Life in the Far West, a Part of the Country Prolific of Frightful Adventure, Wild Romance and Terrific Drama. Based Upon Actual Experience.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "DREAMING," "PRISON LIFE," "THE FATAL CLUE," "AT SEA," "THE NIGHT MARCH," ETC.

Written expressly for the Constitution.]

CHAPTER IV.

"A golden treasure is the tried friend."

The party left in charge of Mrs. Moreland and the wounded Stanton had made the camp quite comfortable, and one or two of the men readily supplied them with an abundance of game.

While, however, game was plentiful, the stock of bread was about exhausted. They had now been in camp nearly two days, and still the pursuing party under Maltby had not yet returned.

Great diversity of opinion existed, as to the proper course of action to be adopted. Some thought that the camp should be abandoned and the entire party hasten back to the settlements. There were others on the contray, who were of opinion that they should remain at least a day or two longer for the return of Maltby. Mrs. Moreland was inclined to the latter view, being of course loth to retrace her steps without some news from Minnie and also Major Moreland, who, it will be remembered, followed after Maltby in the hope of overtaking him, but who had not succeeded in doing so up to the time of the incidents recorded in our last chapter.

There was however, a very pressing reason for return to the settlements, outside of the commissary consideration.

Young Stanton, after the first favorable reaction, had gradually grown weaker from the combined effect of his wounds and the depressing influence of the unfortunate and disastrous circumstances, by which he was surrounded. The rude appliances and remedies on hand were insufficient for so critical a case. In fact it was alarmingly manifest, that, without further attention beyond that so freely bestowed, young Stanton's earthly career was near its close. As might readily be guessed, Mike Flannigan was vociferous in his appeals in favor of immediate return to the settlements. He contended and with great good sense that they could hardly be expected to remain under the circumstances, as they could not be of any further service to the party in advance, at least so far as assistance in the pursuit was concerned. Such being the case, he contended, that it would be criminal to remain inactive and thus sacrifice the life of the "poor boy." He stoutly asseverated that, in the event that he could not induce them to return, he would try to take Stanton back on his own broad shoulders—which of course he could'nt do, however willing for the work his great big heart.

Mike was not without backers. The men had left their homes willingly, nay eagerly, and would never turn back so long as they could do anything; but, when this seemed out of the question, their thoughts turned to their families and home concerns that needed their attention.

Others contended that the jaunt of the journey would be as fatal to the wounded man as the absence of more medical skill than was at command. While, therefore, an immediate return would be of no avail to him, it might disconcert the plans of the advance party, who might send back for them, or be pursued in turn by the Indians.

Mrs. Moreland, who was a woman of fine practical sense, heard all the discussion and soon satisfied herself of the proper course. Though loth to leave without a word from Minnie or Major Moreland, she felt that it was alike due to the noble young fellow, whose life was ebbing away, and to the men, whose domestic matters should not suffer needlessly, that the party should return. Neither they nor herself could probably accomplish anything by remaining. So she suggested that a couple of men should remain in camp a reasonable time for the return of Maltby, and the rest hasten back.

This course was at once decided upon, and they immediately busied themselves with the preliminaries.

A swinging litter, and one comparatively comfortable, was constructed for Stanton, by which he could be quite easily borne by four men, the negro John being one of them.

The other two men wounded in the fight, one only slightly, the other more severely, were not too disabled for a slow journey, which of course was necessary.

Their preparations being completed, they set out upon the well marked trail, over which they had come a few days since.

Two men moved in advance, clearing the way as well as they could. Behind them followed Mrs. Moreland and after her the men with the litter, and also their wounded comrades. Their progress was necessarily slow, but, no accident or obstacle intervening, it was steady, and continued till night when they bivouaced till dawn of the next day. The journey was then renewed, but Mike Flannagan was not with them and it happened in this wise.

During the previous day's journeying, Mike had been evidently ill at ease and revolving some vexed question in his mind.

The desperate condition of Frank Stanton was preying upon him. His solicitude increased hourly.

He disliked the idea of leaving his young friend, but he reflected that even on reaching the ruins on the Moreland farm, a considerable journey still lay before them to the nearest habitation. He finally determined that he would hurry forward, as he could travel faster so that as the party must [illegible]

By noon he had reached the rendezvous. Here he found matters as they were on the noon he had left them, with the exception that the men who had remained in charge of the horses had been joined by several others. The sight lightened his heart considerably, as fresh men and horses were ready for the speediest action.

As he emerged from the forest into sight it may be well imagined how the men crowded eagerly and anxiously about him desiring to know the cause of his return and hear all the news, and yet almost afraid to ask.

Before answering any questions Mike made a request for the immediate saddling of two horses. While this was being done, he hurriedly informed them of the main facts and also of his purposes. Into the latter the men heartily entered. One of the horses was to be used by a courier, who should spread information of the recapture of Stanton and Mrs. Moreland, and of their homeward journey, that suitable provision might be made for their reception and comfort.

Mike Flannagan proposed to ride the other horse to the nearest post or settlement for a surgeon.

In less than fifteen minutes after his arrival, somewhat refreshed by a lunch, Mike was off, and the other horseman was likewise pushing his steed at a rapid pace upon the errand of humanity.

When the sun set that day, darkness closed in upon weary and nearly exhausted steeds, but their work had been about completed, and their riders neared their destination.

Shortly after night fall, Flannagan was at the nearest post, making his arrangements. He succeeded in securing a skilled surgeon and also an ambulance, which was well prepared for the occupancy of a wounded man. In his labors he had no lack of zealous and sympathetic assistants, for young Stanton was well known, and, wherever known, he had strong friends.

An hour before midnight, Mike and the Doctor were in their saddles, and the ambulance was rattling over the road leading to the ruins of the valley home of the Morelands. They were supplied with all needful medical appliances, and also with many delicacies for the weak and suffering.

The journey was steadily and briskly pursued till daylight without interruption or incident. Mike's calculation was that the returning party with Stanton would arrive in camp within a few hours march of the ruins on the same night, that he reached the post; and that they would probably join the the men over the horses about 8 or 9 o'clock of the following morning, by which time Mike also hoped to heave in sight with surgeon and ambulance.

Seven o'clock had come and gone, and Mike began to grow impatient. He had not progressed as rapidly as he had anticipated.

At 9 o'clock, however, he was within four or five miles of the rendezvous, when in the near distance he saw a cloud of dust ascending and a moment later a horseman rushing toward them, plying whip and spur at every jump. On meeting the ambulance, the latter reined up his foam-covered steed when Mike Flannagan cried out with blanched cheek, "Niver say the boy is dead, or shure you'll be afther killing poor Mike."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Financial and Commercial

Atlanta Cotton Statement.

ATLANTA, GA., April 11, 1874.

Cotton closed dull at 14¾ cents.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.

By wagon	11 bales
By Air-Line Railroad	7 "
By West Point Railroad	7 "
By Georgia Railroad	3 "
By Central Railroad	27 "
By Western and Atlantic Railroad	5 "
Total	59 "
Receipts previous	53,864 "
Total receipts	53,911 "
SHIPMENTS.	
Shipments to-day	200 bales
Shipments previous	53,618 "
Total	53 818 "
Stock on hand	1,6 3 "

NEW YORK, April 11.—Receipts to-day at all ports 5,439 bales; stock at all ports 581,770.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 1,253 bales; at 17 1-8a17¼.

Net receipts 2,193; bales; gross 2,903.

Cotton sales for future delivery closed barely steady with sales of 12,100 bales as follows: April 16 3-16; May 16 10-32a16 5-8; June 17 3-32a17 1-8; July 17 15-32.

Arrived—Lee.

Arrived out—Ethiopia.

Bank Statement.—Loans increase two and one-half millions. Specie decrease three-eighths of a million. Legal tenders decrease one and three-fourths of a million. Deposits increase one and one-quarter millions.

Flour firm and in fair demand at $6 00a7 30 for common to fair extra Southern; $7 35a11 00 for extra to choice Southern Wheat opened 1c better; closed quiet and advance lost. Corn firm and in fair demand at 80a88 for new Western mixed; 87a89 for white Western; 88a90 for Western yellow. 89a90 for old Western mixed; 91 for white Southern. Pork dull and heavy; new mess $16 75a16 90.

Lard firmer at 10 3-16. Coffee dull. Sugar firm. Rice and molasses quiet. Turpentine quiet at 45 1-2. Rosin quiet at $3 47½a3 50 Freights to Liverpool firm; cotton by steam 1-4; grain by sail 8 1-4a3 3-4, steam 9¼a10

Money easier at 3@4. Sterling quiet and unchanged. Gold 13 1-2a18 5-8. Governments dull and steady. States quiet and nominal.

LATER — Eighty-ones 21; Sixty-twos 17 3-4; Sixty-fours 19 5-8; Sixty fives 20 3-8; New 19; Sixty-sevens 20; Sixty-eights 19 3-4; New Fives 15 1-2; Ten-forties 14 7-8. Tennessees 87; New 87; Virginia 33 1-2, New 30; Consols 50 1-2; Deferred 10 3 4; Louisianas 35; New 35; Levee Sixes 40; Eights 40; Alabama eights 45; fives 35; Georgia sixes 75.

The market for cotton on spot during the early part of the week was quiet and active, and considerable business was done for export and speculation. Latterly the market has ruled dull, as speculation has somewhat subsided, and unfavorable accounts from abroad have checked dealings on export account. For future delivery there have been no violent fluctuations in values, and the variation in prices was not of much importance. The total sales of the week included 100,900 bales for future delivery and 10,660 for immediate delivery, as follows: 1,583 bales for export; 4,808 for spinning; 3,670 for speculation and 1,300 in transit. At the closing of the week the market was dull;

Navals stores have ruled dull and easier.

BOSTON, April 11.—Arrived—Fiag.

LONDON, April 11.—Turpentine 31s. 9d.

LIVERPOOL, April 11.—Cotton—sales of uplands, nothing below good ordinary, shipped in March and April, 8 1-16; do., nothing below middlings, shipped in April and May, 8 3-16.

SAVANNAH, April 11.—Cotton quiet; middlings 16¼; net receipts 6 9 bales; exports coastwise 158; sales 294; stock 51,106.

CHARLESTON, April 11.—Cotton firm; middlings 16a16 1-8; low middlings 15¾a15 5-8; good ordinary 14 3-8; net receipts 604 bales; sales 900; stock 39,884.

MOBILE, April 11.—Cotton—low middlings 15 1-2; net receipts 219 bales; exports coastwise 870; sales [illegible] stock 7,896.

BALTIMORE, April 11.—Cotton quiet; middlings [illegible]

BALTIMORE, April 11.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat firm and steady. Corn active and stronger; southern white 88; yellow 90a92. Oats scarce; southern 63-65. Provisions strong and higher. Mess pork $17 25. Bacon shoulders 7 3-4.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—Flour $5 75a6 90 for XX; $7 50a7 75 for choice do; $8a9 for family. Corn quiet; 78a80 for white; 81a83 for yellow. Oats dull and declining at 60a61. Bran $1 40. Hay $19 for prime. Pork steady at $17 95. Dry salted meats dull; 6 1-2a6 3-4 for shoulders; no sides in first hands. Bacon dull; 7 1-2 for shoulders; 9 3-4 for clear rib; 10½ for clear. Hams scarce, 13a14. Lard scarce and higher; 10 1-2a10 5-8 for kegs. Sugar dull; 7½ for fair; 7 3-8 for good fair; 8 for prime; stock 5,445 hhds. Molasses quiet; stock 8,175 bbls. Whisky dull; 94 for Louisiana; $1 01 for Cincinnati. Coffee quiet; ordinary 21 1-4a21 1-2; fair 23a24, good 24a24 1-2; prime 24½a25; stock in first hands 5,000 sacks; in dealers 8,000 sacks. Corn meal firm at $3 50a3 55.

WILMINGTON, April 12.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 50¼. Rosin steady at $1 90 for strained; $3 for No. 2; $3 25 for low No. 1; $4 45 for low pale; $4 50 for pale; $5 for extra pale. Crude turpentine steady; $3 for hard; $3 for yellow dip. Tar steady at $1 80.

BOSTON, April 11.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17½; net receipts 4 bales; gross 881; sales 210; stock 6,000.

CINCINNATI, April 11.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn firm and in fair demand at 64a67. Pork quiet at $17, asked. Lard quiet at 9 3-4a9 7-8, asked, for steam; 9 7-8a10 for kettle. Bacon steady on limited jobbing demand; shoulder $9 25; clear rib sides $9 70. Whisky active and higher at 94.

LOUISVILLE, April 11.—Flour unchanged Corn quiet and unchanged. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Sugar cured hams 12¾a13. Lard—tierce 10; keg 10 3-4. Whisky 94

SAVANNAH, April 11.—Arrived—Herbert, Beech, Crown Prince, Caravan, Kate, Charles E. Hillier.

Cleared—Gutenberg, James Fish, Bath, Effie, J. Simmons.

Sailed—San Jacinto, Seminole, Wyoming, Rajuar.

GALVESTON, April 11.—Cotton steady and in fair demand; good ordinary 14 5-8; middlings 16 5-8; net receipts 169 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,565; coastwise 39; sales 100; stock 54,386.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—Cotton firm and in demand; middlings 16 1-2; net receipts 337 bales; gross last evening 333; exports to continent 445; to France 1,915, coastwise 1,877; sales 3,000; last evening 100; stock 204,915

AUGUSTA, April 11.—Cotton steady; middlings 15 3-4; receipts 175 bales; sales 565.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17¼17 1-4; gross receipts 849 bales.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.—Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circular sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa., an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.

feb8 daw3m

AMUSEMENTS.

DeGIVE'S OP

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA:

SUNDAY, APRIL 12, 1874.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar11-1y

Carley, Duck & Co.!

Atlanta Branch Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 49 & 51 Pryor street. Pure Leads, Lard, Linseed, and Burning Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window-Glass, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Waters and Oil Colors, etc., a speciality. apr18-eodly

The Seven Wonders of Atlanta.

1. The free mail delivery.
2. The Mineral Spring.
3. Uniformed Police.
4. The Magnificent Fire Department.
5. The New Iron Bridge.
6. The beauty of the ladies.
7. The greatest of all—how Ladies' Underwear can be sold so cheap at No. 45 Marietta street, opposite the Post Office. oct26-deodtf

PEASE'S PALACE
DINING ROOMS,
Alabama Street, Atlanta, Georgia,
HAVE PLEASED THE PEOPLE
SINCE 1865.

The first to give Atlanta what she has long needed, a Reliable Restaurant.

This House has had a popular run of eight years.

Our Lady Department, on the second floor, strictly reserved for their accommodation, gives universal satisfaction.

Special attention is given to select Suppers, Dinner to order, Wedding Parties, etc., etc.

Mr. West, formerly connected with Ryan's Soda Water, is now connected with me in the Fish, Oyster and Fruit Business.

Price List of Norfolk Oysters:

Select, per quart .....65 cents
Medium, per quart .....50 cents
Ordinary, per quart .....40 cents

Address
O. L. PEASE,
jan11—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—See meeting of persons who are to take part in Mrs. Jarley's wax works.

An operator on the Singer Sewing Machine wanted—Mrs. K. H. Garvin.

Lots and house on Peachtree street for sale—G. W. Adair.

Eight room house to rent—Dr. William S. Armstrong.

Atlanta and Tennessee Market House—W. L. Shofner.

For Justice of the Peace, 1234th District—George W. Simpson.

Hibernian Ball—See notice.

Dollar Savings Bank—Meeting of creditors.

Firemen's Benevolent Association—See meeting of.

Ladies' gaiters, dry goods, etc., just received—Kiser & Watson.

Choice real estate for sale—Wallace & Fowler.

Bleached cotton, linens, gloves, etc.—M. Rich.

Pound's Extract—See notice.

Fine Biscuits, rolls, etc.—Dooley's Yeast Powders.

Ice cream at Thompson's.

Parasols, silks, handkerchiefs, etc.—Louis de Saulles & Co.

White goods, furnishing goods, etc.—New York Store.

Dry goods—Lowe, Douglass & Dallas.

Dry goods—John Keely.

Clothing—M. & J. Hirsch.

GO TO MRS. E. P. O'CONNOR'S for Butterick's spring patterns. apr5—dlw

WM. RICH & CO.—Read their advertisement and go and buy from them.

GO TO MRS. E. P. O'CONNOR for Butterick's spring patterns. apr5—dlw

MRS. M. F. DURAND can now be found at the Millinery establishment of J. M. Holbrook, 37 Whitehall street, up stairs. apr 12-3t

NEW GOODS.—Steinheimer Bros. come to the front again this morning, and inform the people of Atlanta in their card where to get goods, and cheap goods.

SUSTAIN HOME ENTERPRISE.—Don't fail to patronize Bowdoin's Gallery. Photographs and Ferrotypes furnished, from the largest to the smallest size.

LOUIS DE SAULLES & CO.—Don't fail to read the local and business notices of this excellent and popular dry goods house.

IF YOU want the best beef to be had in the city, call on Tidwell, corner Broad and Mitchell. apr10—d3t

ICE CREAM.—Thompson will, from this date, furnish the citizens of Atlanta with ice cream. Thompson is celebrated as being the best getter-up of cream in the country.

UNITARIAN.—Rev. S. L. Robpaugh will preach every Sabbath of April at 11 A. M., and 7:30 P. M., in Odd Fellows' Hall, on Marietta, between Broad and Peachtree streets. No collections.

KISER & WATSON.—We call attention to the advertisement of the above firm.

They are offering great inducements in the dry goods line. They are men of few words and mean exactly what they say.

SODDY COAL.—We have tried, within the past week a dray load of the above coal. We find it to be equal to any that we have used this winter. It can be had at lower figures than the Coal Creek or Alabama coal, and Edward Parsons is the man to furnish it to you.

SPIRITUALISM.—Mrs. Annie C Torrey, of Houston Texas, will lecture at the Spiritualist Hall, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, next to Good Templars' Hall, at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M. to-day. The subject will be selected by the audience for lecture and improvised poem. Seats free.

A Heavy Frost.

TUNNEL HILL, April 11, 1874.

Editors Constitution: There was a heavy frost here this morning. We think the fruit is killed.

Yours, C.

SUSTAIN HOME TALENT.—We learn from good authority that Postmaster Bard will give no attention to the numerous applications daily received from all parts of the country for appointments in the postoffice. He has determined to fill all the vacancies with the best qualified persons to be found in our own community, thus acknowledging and sustaining home talent for which he certainly merits the approbation of our citizens.

NOTICE.

The Kimball House is undergoing thorough repair for the reception of Madame Jarley—the whole of the parlor floor having been assigned to her use. Crowds of people from all the Northern cities are pouring in for the occasion.

THE EDUCATIONAL JOURNAL OF VIRGINIA.—We have before us the above periodical, the organ of the Educational Association and of the Department of Public Instruction. H. H. Harris is editor of the general, and W. H. Ruffner, edi or of the official department. Its table of contents embraces an interesting variety. Its get up is splendid, and altogether creditable to Virginia. Published at Richmond for $1 50 per annum.

THIS kind of an item seems to be popular in the editorial department of the LaGrange Reporter: "Since the announcement of our preference for the American Sardine Company's Boneless Sardines in the next gubernatorial race, the press of Georgia is coming out with singular unanimity, for the aforesaid fish. The country papers are particularly strong in their advocacy."

Such attempts at wit, are worse than boneless—they lack pith, and are nauseating.

ATLANTA MEDICAL AND SURGICAL JOURNAL.—The April number of the Atlanta Medical and Surgical Journal contains the valedictory address of Dr. Burgess at the college commencement, and a strong paper on "Laws Regulating the Practice of Medicine in Georgia" by Dr. Thomas H. Baker, of Cartersville. It is full of interesting matter, original and selected, and merits a hearty support from the profession. Dr. Robert Battey, editor, assisted by Drs. W. A. Love and W. H. Taliaferro. Terms, $3 per annum.

A LIVELY RACE.—Early yesterday morning, Ben Brown (colored), stole a batch of greenbacks from the money-drawer of a bakery on Peachtree street. He was one of the sleepy kind of fellows, and had no sooner left, having given the alarm, but hundreds of persons were in pursuit. Brown made for the Chattahoochee river, and was overtaken on the bridge. He was brought back to the city, and lodged in the station house.

COURT MATTERS.

Adjournment of the United State Courts—Cases for Trial in the Superior Court on Monday—The Grand and Petit Juries Drawn for Next Week.

Supreme Court.

ORDER OF CIRCUITS AND CASES IN THE SUPREME COURT.

11. Flint	18	15. Augusta	20
12. Talapoosa	22	16. Miodle	9
13. Rome	9	17. Ocmulgee	23
14. Cherokee	14	18. Eastern	13
		19. Brunswick	9

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

SUPREME COURT, ATLANTA, GA., April 11, 1874.

MACON CIRCUIT.

No. 4. Argument concluded.

FLINT CIRCUIT.

No 8. Continued case. Smith Waller vs Alexander Perkins et al. Injunction, from Monroe. J S Pinckard, Lanier & Anderson, for plaintiff in error. Peeples & Howell, for defendants.

Pending the argument of Mr. Peeples, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A M on Tuesday next.

Fulton Superior Court.

This court opens again on Monday morning at half past 8 o'clock. The following gentlemen are summoned to serve as grand and petit jurors for the week:

GRAND JURORS.

Jerry S Gilbert,	James D Cleland,
H Trimble,	Marcellus Markham,
Thos J Lowe,	James L Cowen,
Charles Kuhlan,	Robert K Williams,
Samuel S Lee,	Edwin C Smith,
Charles W Dill,	John H Mecaslin,
John W Wade,	Samuel A Power,
Joseph E Liles,	James L Logan,
Justinian Evans,	Wm G Grambling,
Edward L Jones,	Columbus S Morris,
S B Hoyt,	Thomas S Clarke,
John M Farman.	

PETIT JURORS.

W H Mitchell,	Jesse P Dean,
Wm B Lowe,	Wm A Cockran,
Fred S Stewart,	Lucien B Davis,
Charles A Brumby,	H R S Duck,
E M M Hooper,	Thom S A Kennedy,
Israel Putnam,	Henry G Bell,
W J Zachry,	G W L Powell,
J Edgar Thompson,	A B Donaldson,
J P Sewell,	Wm G Smith,
J C Reynolds,	George Todd,
Charles Schnefeld,	Miles Turpin,
Jas T Reinsberg,	Charles DuPree,
N A McLendon,	Daniel H Morgan,
Francis M Coyle,	Jas W Ball,
Lewis Rosenfeld,	E I Thomas,
D McRee,	John N Connolly,
Wm S Gresham,	Edgar G Little,
John S Lowe,	Wm R Hill,
G W Collier.	

The United States Courts.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

The United States vs American P Bowen. Illicit distilling. Order taken to forfeit bond.

Same vs Wiley Graham. Illicit distilling. Continued.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Mr William H Fish, of Oglethorpe, was admitted to the bar of these Courts.

Upon the conclusion of the above business, the United States Courts were formally adjourned to the next Fall Term.

Station House Report.

Miles Mathews, a very notorious negro, and one whom the police have been looking after for a long time, was arrested yesterday by officers Redman and Johnson.

Jim Dickson and Ben Brown, colored, were arrested for being implicated in a recent robbery of cigars from West & Edwards.

The city cases number eleven. All for violations of the ordinances.

IF BEING to some extent circulated through the country that there is a probability of the prices of Sewing Machines being reduced, and that parties are now in possession of information that the leading Machine Companies have offered to supply their Machines at less than their regular prices, we feel it our duty to disabuse the minds of our patrons and the public generally, by stating that we have never made such propositions, and that our Machines can only be purchased through the regular agencies for the sale of our respective machines, and at our several stores in Atlanta, Georgia, at our published prices only.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
Corner Broad and Alabama streets, Atlanta, Ga.
WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
23 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.
THE HOWE MACHINE COMPANY,
Corner Broad and Alabama streets, Atlanta, Ga.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,
29 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta, Ga., April 10, 1874.

A Good Dinner.

At Murphy's you will find a plenty,
On the table a wild turkey smokes:
Roots how nice, and herbs how dainty,
And Mann, close by passing jokes.

I always loved a bit of breast,
On days when money and hope were mine,
And now it lulls my heart to rest,
At Captain Murphy's, on turkey to dine.

Then, waiter, cut me another slice,
And help me to more gravy still:
Tim's wild turkey, ah! it's nice,
There's nothing better the inner man to fill.

Newton County Patrons.

COVINGTON, GA., April 9 h, 1874.

Editors Constitution: In accordance with the adoption of a resolution at a previous meeting of the Patrons of Husbandry in Newton and adjoining counties, the members of the Subordinate Granges in said counties assembled in Covington on the 7th of this month and organized a Council. The officers elected are as follows:

L F Livingston, President.
J J Dearing, Vice-President.
T S Black, Secretary.
Silar Starr, Treasurer.
Dr Dearing, Business Agent.
——— Rakestraw, Door-keeper.

We have an Executive Committee consisting of one member from each Grange represented, with the President as Chairman.

Our meetings will be held on the first Tuesday in each month. The object of our organization is to facilitate the transactions of buying, selling and shipping, and for other purposes that may be for the good of the order.

New Books.

The Story of a Summer, or Journal Leaves from Chappaqua. By CECILIA CLEVELAND. 16mo., cloth, pp. 274. New York: G. W. Carleton & Co.

This pleasant volume is the record of a summer's residence at Chappaqua, from the graceful pen of a daughter of Mr. Greeley's sister. It unfolds not a little of the home life of the great editor who once occupied a large portion of the public mind. In the course of the charming record of rural life, Mr. Greeley's daughters become intimate acquaintances, and one is sure to read the whole of the book if once commenced.

Woman, Love and Marriage. By T. SAUNDERS, author of "Saxad for the solitary and Social." 12 mo. Paper, pp 319. New York: G. W. Carleton & Co.

In this elaborate essay the author teaches no untried dangerous doctrine: he aims to enforce old ones. The causes that are leading to a decrease of marriage, and all concomitant questions, are affectively and graphically discussed. A perusal of Mr. Saunders' admirable book, says the Philadelphia Press, will destroy a regiment of the most confirmed old bachelors, and we suggest to the ladies that they insist upon their gentleman acquaintances purchasing a copy, as they will surely afterwards of receiving as many offers of marriage as the most exacting beauty could demand.

The Agricultural Meeting at Stone Mountain.

The Agricultural Meeting at Stone Mountain yesterday was well attended. The Methodist Church was filled with a fine audience of gentlemen and ladies. The first speech was made by T. E. Winn, Esq., of Gwinnett. Colonel E Y. Clarke then made a few remarks, introducing Colonel Thos. Hardeman, of Bibb, who was followed by Rev. D. E. Butler, of Morgan, and General A. H. Colquitt.

General Colquitt explained the object of the Direct Trade Union of the Patrons of Husbandry. Quite a number of shares was taken. We learn that the Grange at Decatur has taken over one hundred shares.

ONE of the most active houses in our city, is the dry goods concern of John Keely. Twenty cases of new goods were received, opened, marked and put into stock on Saturday afternoon. We learn from the

OPIUM EATING.

FURTHER REMARKS THEREON.

Letter From Mr. Charter C. Muse About his Cure.

Another Case—A Lady Cured.

The Opinion of Two Eminent Physicians, Etc., Etc., Etc.

The farther we examine into the subject of Opium Eating, the more deeply we are interested, and the more our feelings become enlisted in behalf of those addicted to its use. We believe we are discharging a duty in investigating and bringing it thus before the public. We wish to sound the alarm—to point those afflicted the way of deliverance, and to warn those who are free to keep clear of danger.

Bad as the habit of drunkeness from liquor is, the habit of opium eating is infinitely worse. Prescribed by the physician, often as a necessity, but too frequently when it might be avoided, opium, in some shape, secures its victims in circles wherein the more open and better known enemy of mankind—liquor—would never first enter. Its convenient form renders it the more accessible and dangerous; its bright dreams at first make it the more fascinating and alluring; its easy concealment from vulgar gaze for awhile enables it to fasten more securely the fetters of slavery upon its victims: while its final effects—the deadening of the sensibilities, the absolute subjugation of the will, the conquest of every moral sense and moral power, the dark beclouding of the intellect, the total change of the entire physical functions, the horrible sufferings while under its influence and the still more horrible tortures while endeavoring to break off from its use; and, last and worst of all, its hitherto incurable nature—these all combined render the opium habit the most dreadful foe to domestic peace and the well-being of society. Its prevalence is fearful—its constant increase is truly alarming. Husbands use it frequently when their wives do not suspect it; wives use it, and their husbands are ignorant of the fact. Young ladies, with beaming eyes and flushed faces, and young men, with ready speech, are many of them secretly just entering the gilded portals of this whited sepulchre. Physicians prescribe it daily, and for many trivial ailments, and druggists sell it in any desired quantities to any one who will pay for it. Its use explains many mysterious suicides, many unexpected family scandals, many strange failures in business. Surely the press should raise its potential voice against this damnable evil, ruining so many thousands of our best citizens, destroying the happiness of so many peaceful firesides, and entailing misery upon even unborn generations. It is high time the wise and the good in every walk of life were doing all that can be done to stay its awful ravages. Our physicians and our druggists particularly, should see to it that their skirts are clear. Their responsibility is great, but their opportunity for good is equal to their responsibility.

It is proper that we should remark here, that we are writing no paid article. Our motives are solely to do good, and we have the satisfaction of knowing that already what we wrote last week has accomplished an amount of good we did not dream could be so soon realized. We feel, therefore, encouraged to continue our warfare against this evil. It is a wide field—there is room for all to work in, and we shall hail with delight the co-operation of every newspaper and every good man in the country in this labor of love and of use'ulness.

LETTER FROM MR. MUSE

The following letter from Mr. Charter C. Muse explains itself. Mr. Muse is the gentleman we interviewed last week, and he now writes over his own signature a full confirmation of what we said. He is well known here, and, as Traveling Agent for Messrs. Meador & Bro., tobacconists, he is known in every town in the country. Those that know him need not be assured that he is a gentleman, whose statements can be implicitly relied upon. His letter is thrillingly interesting, and affords a remarkable evidence of the efficiency of Collins' Opium Antidote, of which Mr. B. M. Woolley, of this city, is General Agent. We have seen and conversed with Mr Muse, and, must say, his cure almost staggers belief. But, to the letter:

ATLANTA, GA., April 11, 1874.

Editors Constitution: There are few men less desirous of appearing before the public than I am; but under the circumstances now surrounding me, I feel that possibly good may be accomplished by overcoming my repugnance in this respect. I wish to state, over my own signature, that your account of my case, as given in last Sunday's CONSTITUTION, was, as far as it went, correct.

Some weeks ago my friend, Major John C. Whitner, whom I have known and esteemed from my boyhood, had a long talk with me about my habit of taking morphine. He told me that whilst he knew nothing of the medicine, he had been convinced by Mr. Woolley, a gentleman recently moved here, that Collins' antidote was, in all probability, a painless cure for the habit. I had heard of it before, but supposed it was a mere patent humbug. I had, however, the utmost confidence in my friend, whose earnest and kind manner won upon me, and though I put him off to another time, I never forgot his words of warning. Again and again he sought me, and used every means in his power to induce me to try it. At length the required facts in my case were given. In about ten days the antidote arrived, and was taken as described by you. I was, at the time, taking fifteen grains of morphine per day.

As to myself, I will state most solemnly, on my honor as a man, from the moment I took the first dose of the antidote to the present, I have never taken or wanted to take any morphine or other opiate, and what is the most wonderful thing of all, I have felt no uneasiness of mind or body. I feel an improvement each day. My appetite is good, my sleep is sweet and refreshing, my mind is clear and active, my spirits are cheerful, and, except slight weakness, I feel every way capable to go on with my business as I did before touching the infernal drug. So great is the change in me, really I am at a loss for language to describe it, and if I could command words adequate, those who have never witnessed such a change would believe I was dealing in more extravagances I can refer to my parents, brothers and sisters whether I have told even half of the truth.

The question is often asked me if there must not be some opiate in the antidote, as it sustains me so perfectly. Of course I am ignorant of its ingredients, but I cannot think there is any opium for several reasons: 1. I believe I would detect its presence in the smallest quantity, so well am I acquainted with its every possible effect. 2. It would create a desire for it if there were any opium in it; whereas, in fact, I have already to be reminded of the hours to take the doses, having desire for neither opium nor antidote. 3 During the day, I take four doses of the antidote four hours apart. The time between the last dose at night and the first in the morning is seven to eight hours, and yet I have not the slightest desire for the antidote in the morning. Besides my own judgment in the case, I have been examined carefully by two of our best physicians—one five days after I began the antidote, and the other yesterday—and they both say there is not the slightest evidence of the opium in my system.

I fear your patience is already worn out, and yet I crave a few more words. I have been asked why I do not stop the use of morphine myself. My answer is, *I could not.* God only knows how hard and how often I tried. I was conscious of going down, down, and would inevitably become a vagabond, unless soon released by death. I was in agonies when under the influence of morphine, and suffered indescribable tortures when without it. I consulted physicians in almost every town in the country, offering to pay five hundred dollars to be cured. They all said the only possible chance for me was by reducing the dose every day. I tried it, but could not endure it, and right here I prove it as my deliberate opinion, that no man who was fully confirmed in the habit, ever did permanently quit it by this means. I must see him and know that he has quit it for many years—not that he has got down to half a grain per day—but that he has quit entirely, before I will believe it. The thing may be possible, but my experience teaches that it is the hardest thing on this earth to do.

I am glad your paper has come out on this subject. You are certainly doing a noble work of humanity, and you are welcome to this statement of mine, if you think it will do good. I do most earnestly recommend all who desire to quit the opium habit, to use Collin's Antidote, which can be got by addressing B. M. Woolley, General Agent, Atlanta, Ga. Those trying this medicine, if they follow directions, will never regret it. Yours respectfully,

C. C. MUSE.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

We were present when one of our most prominent physicians examined Mr. Muse on yesterday. He was careful in his questions and in examining his eyes. The Doctor expressed himself as astonished at what he saw. After he had satisfied himself, we questioned him as follows:

Question—Doctor, after rigidly examining Mr. Muse, who is taking, as you are informed, Collin's Opium Antidote, do you discover any evidence of opium?

Answer—Not the slightest.

Question—Is there any indication that he has been using Belladonna or Stramonium?

Answer—None whatever.

Question—Do you believe, from what you have seen and know of the case, that Mr. Muse is entirely free from the effects of opium?

Answer—I do not believe I have ever examined, perfectly, in any single case.

We then saw the other physician, who examined Mr. Muse after he had been using the Antidote five days. He confirmed what the other said about the presence of the effects of either opium or belladonna, and both authorized us to refer any sufferers to them who really desired to have their opinion.

ANOTHER CASE.

Mr. Woolley introduced us to a gentleman whose wife had been taking morphine. Of course we would not give his name, but will state the main facts of the case. His wife has been buying the drug about four years. About two months ago, she commenced with the Collins Antidote and from the first dose has felt no desire to return to the habit. The husband is a happy man, and says that he can only say that his wife is in good health, never takes any opiate, and both are rejoicing over her wonderful deliverance.

CATHOLIC FAIR.

The Most Brilliant Night of the Occasion.

Last night was the most brilliant and successful of the Fair. A dense throng poured through the rooms from early in the evening until half past eleven o'clock. A very large amount of money was taken. Business at every table and in every department was brisk. The ladies with their raffles moved untiringly about and gleaned chances with magnificent success. The various elections waxed lively. The canvassing assumed an almost political fervor. Friends of the various aspirants bustled about and poured out seductive eloquence. They plead punch bowl, or sword, or doll, or necklace, with potential oratory. Such a variety of charming and manly champions was never before seen. High and loud above the din of voices and the clatter of confusion would rise notes of eulogy on this punch-bowl hankerer or that library director, through whose enamored vision floated delicious dreams of easy chairs and smoke.

No part of the Fair was better patronized than the supper table.

This department is in charge of Mrs. Schmidt, Mrs. Le Duc, Mrs Peele, assisted by Miss Duncan, Miss Annie Doonan, Miss Lynch and Miss Sargent. These ladies had all of them great fat bursting pocket books crammed with the proceeds of their zeal. Miss Sargent presided at the wine table.

The election for the punch bowl has grown to be a big thing. Over 850 votes have been received, which thus nets the comfortable sum of $212 50 already.

Where it will run to next week it is hard to estimate. There is still a general demand for the two candidates, Dr. Fox and Mr. Peck, to put in an appearance.

The necklace contest has been very warmly fought and its result is uncertain.

The contest for the sword leaped into brisk activity last evening. The military ardor of the people appeared to be aroused. Somewhere near 200 votes were polled, and a lively race between Captain Fitten and Lieutenant Lowery was up.

Another growing contest is that over the beautiful Hibernian Scarf worked by Miss Schmidt. The aspirants for it are John Flynn, Mr. Elford, Mr. Dowling and Mr. Connally. The latter gentleman is said to be leading the race.

Among the articles to be raffled is a exquisite Cross presented last evening by Mr. Emile J van Goidtsenoven. It is made of onyx, pearls and diamonds, and is valued at $400.

The battle over the chair, gown, etc., for the library director has been a brisk one. A large number of votes has been polled. The leading men seem to be Mr. Chester, Mr. Goldstein and Mr. Goss.

A very handsome belle from Augusta attracted much attention and admiration.

The Fair will be continued Monday night.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

Important Meeting of Creditors.

Attention is called to the meeting of the depositors of the above named bank, advertised in another column, to be held at the Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock.

Creditors are requested to attend promptly.

Grand Millinery Opening on the 15th Instant.

The incorrigible who made the ungallant fling at the woman's crusade movement, by suggesting that the ladies should visit the millinery stores less before trying to close the drinking saloons, had certainly never visited Mrs E P. O'Connor's millinery emporium on Whitehall street. If he had he would have wondered that the ladies do not buy more than they do, where so beautiful and extensive a stock is exhibited, at prices so reasonable. Mrs. O'Connor' grand spring opening on Wednesday next, 15th inst., will witness a display of the fashionable styles of hats and bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, a complete stock of ribbons, lace, trimming of all kinds, ties, scarfs, collars and cuffs, belts, buckles, fans, and other fancy articles.

The flower department comprises a rare and beautiful collection. In the trimming department is a corps of ladies of exquisite taste and skilled in the art of trimming. The hair department, under the supervision of Miss Hattel, is complete. The pattern department is gracefully presided over by Miss Janesen. Perfect fitting patterns, of every style, kind, and of the latest styles, may here be had.

In another column Mrs. O'Connor invites the ladies to visit her emporium on the 15th.

Woman as a Teacher.

From the Griffin Star.]

We peuse in wonder at the rushing cataract, as with fearful velocity the waters make the plunge down to the boiling waves below, and the ascending spray seems like incense rising in honor of its grandeur; we stand thrilled with rapt emotions as we gaze upon the placid surface of the tranquil lake and imagine ourselves transported to Como's banks; old Ocean, wrought into fury by the storm-king, his angry waters breaking into silvery waves, or lavishing its surf-smiles on the beach; the wonderful beauty of earth's thousand flowers from whose altar petals ascends Nature's incense to Nature's god; some Sunday scene, whose silent farewell rippling in smiles, broidered in banners of blue clouds lined in crimson, its sunset bound with amber and crowned with purple fire, while over its twilight dews floats the organ overture and the day departs with the vesper hymns of birds, intermingled with the silvery sound of the church bell, seeming as if nature and art united in one grand ascription of praise "thank God for the holy day of rest." These all charm and enthral our senses.

We pause in mute astonishment, as we view the works of a Phidias, Praxiteles or Lysippus, of Raphael, Rubens, Titians, Rembrandt, Micuael Angelo, Correggio or Guido; gaze in rapt admiration on "art escaped from the trammels of servitude" or "Figures fed on roses." While we feast our eyes upon the works of art, we honor the mighty intellect that guided the sculptor's chisel in moulding the inanimate marble into seeming life, or the painter's brush as he spread upon canvas the glowing imagery of his brain.

Woman is the greatest of all teachers. She moulds the character of the rising generation. Far greater is her mission than that of the sculptor, for she chisels a fairer form and breathes upon the intellect the elevating tendencies and aspirations of her own soul; far greater than that of the painter, for she brings out in brighter perspective the most commanding excellencies. The works of nature and of art may please the eye and gratify the senses, but when the earth shall melt with fervent heat they shall pass away with the things of time. But the labors of the true woman in developing the higher capacities of the soul will out live time and find its full consummation in the realms of bliss."—Extract from the address of W. G. Waddby, "The Higher Culture of Woman," delivered at College Temple Commencement, Newnan, June, 1873.

LANIER'S DRAMATIC COMPANY, with troops of genuine Comanche Indians, will make their appearance at the Opera House on Tuesday evening next, in the celebrated play of Buffalo Bill. This company has been playing to full houses during the past two months in the south. In fact, according to our exchanges, the houses have been literally packed, and have been giving full satisfaction to delighted audiences. The story originally published in the New York Weekly has been dramatized expressly for this company, for the purpose of giving to the general public a picture of life on the plains, introducing, for the first time, a troupe of Indians in all their war paint and feathers, giving to the plot of the play a life like representation of all the peculiarities of the red man of the forest. We are assured that this will be the only opportunity to see them, as they leave for their western homes in May next. The drama is cast to the full strength of a very large and talented dramatic company, numbering twenty people. We are sure all will be pleased with the entertainment.

A LETTER from Mr. S E Crittenden, first proprietor of the Kimball House, informs us that he has taken charge of the Gregory House at Lake Mahopac, a well-known watering place, some fifty miles from New York City.

PERSONAL.—His Honor Judge Bestine, together with Major Smyth, the United States Marshal, left for Savannah last night. The Federal Courts open in that city on Monday.

THE HERRINGTON CASE.

The Prisoner Committed for Robbery.

The trial of Doctor C. C. Herrington was resumed yesterday morning promptly at nine o'clock before Justice William M. Butt.

The defense made a motion to introduce Hon Milton A. Candler to prove that the prosecutor, R P Spencer, admitted to him he had lost the money gambling. This evidence was ruled out by the court after some little discussion. Captain Garrett was sworn by the defense to impeach Spencer. This witness testified generally that Spencer came to him immediately after he had lost his money, for assistance. In detailing the circumstances of the affair, the prosecutor left the impression upon witness' mind that he had been swindled out of his money at a gambling game. Witness did not remember that Spencer ever said to him that he had been robbed. Upon the cross-examination, Captain Garrett testified that Spencer was very much excited, and did not go very fully into the facts. Dr. Herrington made the following statement:

HERRINGTON'S STATEMENT.

On the day of the loss of the money I was sent for to go to Penn Bedell's room; there I met three men, one named Smith, whom I knew slightly, Mr Spencer and a man they say is named Bolus. Smith was on Spencer's left, Spencer in the center, and Bolus on his right, sitting in front of a faro table. On the table was a "Rouge et Noir" lay out, and a printed cloth. I asked what they wanted. Smith said they wanted to play against the game. I asked if they understood it. Smith said he did. Bolus said he did not; so also Spencer. I told them I would explain the game to them. I took a pack of cards and a box. I made what I call an explanatory deal, showing them how they could win or lose their money. Smith and Bolus commenced playing next deal. Shortly afterwards Smith gave Spencer some checks to play for himself, which he lost. He then bet 25 cents and staked and lost it. He then bet some other small dollar notes; then commenced to double the bet each time, asking me how many times he could double. I told him thirteen times. On the twelfth double it was necessary for him *to put up* $1,622 and he had but $750 left. He counted out $500 of that, and Smith loaned him $500 more; he had $12 in checks, and he put them up, he lost all; he said that part of the money was not his; that he must have it back. I replied that *I had won it fairly and should keep it.* During the play, Smith told him it was impossible to lose, having a chance to double thirteen times.

During the play he left the table telling me to wait; he pulled out a large pocketbook from some portion of his body; the pocketbook might have contained $1,200 or $1,400; this other money was in a memorandum book—the money he lost first; the total amount he lost was ~1,507 25, Spencer told Smith he held him responsible for the money; Smith left the room and he followed him; Bo us followed after him; McCue came in for a few moments; he stood up by the table probably as long as you could count twenty, then turned off, went to the fireplace and took a seat; he took no part in the business whatever, either directly or indirectly, as far as I could see. he shortly afterwards left the room; that is all the statement I have to make, except this: Bedell was that night killed. I was employed in his house. The house was closed. I had nothing to do. I was afraid of an indictment for gaming. I went to Chattanooga to avoid it. I returned the next Saturday night to Atlanta. I remained at my room in the Kimball House till Monday night; then left for the Hot Springs, in Arkansas. When I got to Little Rock I saw that the Memphis papers accused me of killing Bedell. In Memphis a paper accused me of killing Bedell. The Avalanche, I think it was. Another paper accused me of carrying off Spencer, and with the robbery of his money, and of his disappearance, and of my disappearance. They accused me of murdering him. I picked up my little satchel and started home to make my record right before going to the Hot Springs. Afterward I was arrested in Memphis. (I was arrested by a detective charged with the crime of murder.) Here is a piece from a Memphis paper.

The Doctor read as follows: "Dr. Herrington, it will be remembered, was arrested a few days ago on the charge of being implicated in the murder of a man named Chisholm, in Atlanta."

I did not bring the other paper with me. I don't know that I have anything more to say, only that this money was taken from the drawer by Penn Bedell. He put it in my over-coat pocket, and told me to go into the Hotel. In half an hour he came back. *He and Smith divided the money.* I have never seen him nor the money since. I have nothing more to say.

There was no robbery in this case whatever. It was a case of card playing. Spencer was playing a very dangerous game. I explained it to him. He lost his money playing cards. I was employed by Bedell to work in his house. *I advised him to settle* with this man, but he was what I call a bull-headed man, and would not take any man's advice. He refused to do it. The house belonged to him. I was employed there.

REBUTTAL AND SUR REBUTTAL.

Several additional witnesses were sworn by the State and defense.

Those of the defense testified mainly to the prisoner's good character. The testimony for the State was to the effect that Spencer had stated to the witness that he had been robbed, and that he had not lost his money gambling. No new facts were brought out. After a heated argument by counsel, the court pronounced its opinion committing the prisoner in default of a bond of $2,000 to stand his trial before the next term of the Superior Court for robbery.

Yesterday afternoon Herrington was out trying to raise the bond. We did not learn whether he succeeded or not.

JOB PRINTING.

Job Printing of every description, allkinds of Counting House and Business Office Work, Hand Bills, Posters and Books executed in the Finest Style, with Promptness and at the Lowest Prices.

Our friends and the General Public who are in want of Job Printing should bear The Constitution Job Office in mind.

Our Job Rooms are on the Second Floor of the Constitution Building.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

March 5-tf

Special Notices.

THE SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH.—Services through the day as follows. 9½ A M, address to the Sunday school by Rev A P Graves. 10½ A M, sermon by Rev E J Goodspeed) D D, 3 P M, special sermon to the children of the city, by Rev A P Graves, the Evangelist. 7 P M Esquirers' meeting in the lecture room. 7½. Sermon by Rev A P Graves. Baptism at close of service. A cordial welcome to all.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Sermon by Rev. A. P. Graves, 11 o'clock A M—subject, "The Harvest Work." Enquiry meeting 7 o'clock P. M. Sermon by the pastor at 8 o'clock P M. Baptism at the close of the evening service. Rev. A. P. Graves will address the Sunday school between 9½ and 10½ o'clock A M. The public are invited.

LOYD STREET CHURCH.—Rev W B Osborne, pastor. Preaching at 10:45 A M, and at 7:45 P M. Sunday School changed to 9 o'clock A M.

The Storm Case.

We are informed that the divorce papers of Major Storm are in Macon. This conforms with a statement by Major Storm. It is hardly probable that the relatives and friends of Mrs. Castlen would have permitted her marriage without proof of the above stated fact.

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.—Thompson is about to open the ice cream season. His advertisement appears in another column. He will supply it any quantity, for families or parties. He knows how to make the most delicious of cream, and his charges are moderate.

THE WRONG MAN.—We are informed that it was not a merchant who performed that involuntary gymnastic feat in Peachtree Creek, the other day, and then hung out his clothes to dry while he fished. The hero of this exploit is an Alabama street banker. He is a modest man, and hence tried to let the honor of this heroic performance rest upon another.

THE corner of Peachtree and Line streets was on yesterday afternoon the scene of a remarkable incident, by which a young man gained a sweetheart and future wife. A young lady, who shall be nameless, espied coming toward her a gentleman of elegant appearance, whom she thought she recognized as a brother supposed to have been lost by the wreck of the steamer Atlantic.

So great was the shock that she fainted, and when restored to consciousness, it was to murmur "My dear brother."

The gentleman who was assisting her secured her of her mistake, and subsequent inquiring revealed the fact that he had also been a passenger on the ill-fated steamer and was fortunate enough to find the one whom she supposed he was dead, alive and well. It was not long before the gentleman had the pleasure to inform her of his escape, and the two, who were thus brought together under such peculiar circumstances, were married in the parlors of the Kimball House, by Rev. Dr. Stanton, on Wednesday evening last.

ATLANTA BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION.

Their First Report.

Our City Charities—An Earnest Appeal for Their Support.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Managers of this Association, on the 7th inst., a resolution was passed instructing the Secretary to prepare and publish an abstract of the reports of the several Vice Presidents, together with a statement of the objects of the Association. In accordance with this resolution, the following statement is presented:

FIRST WARD.

Vice President, Mrs. J. C. Kimball.

The Vice President reports fourteen new members and two honorary members. She has given assistance to five families, by furnishing food, clothing, fuel, and, in some cases, money.

Obtained from the Relief Committee of the City Council, $1 00 per week for each of two families, and an order for $3 worth of wood for another family. All of these persons will continue to need assistance, and are worthy objects of charity. Several families and individuals have been aided in obtaining employment. The Vice President has endeavored to obtain regular monthly contributions upon whom she can rely for a regular income. A few have been obtained, but she hopes for more.

Contributions from members	$ 24 00
Donations in cash	3 00
	$ 27 00
Expended in cash	3 00
Balance paid into Treasury	$ 24 00

The report concludes as follows:

While the results in my ward, have not been all I could wish, I can but hope that an object so worthy, when fully understood, will commend itself to the sympathy and support of all good people.

SECOND WAR

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

Farm and Garden.

The Grangers of Missouri are following those of Iowa in establishing manufactories for agricultural implements.

Up to the first of January there were 336 Granges organized in Tennessee. Since that time the number has been increased to 700. It is estimated that there will be not less than from 50,000 to 75,000 Grangers in the State before next fall. The order is experiencing a wonderfully rapid growth, and it will soon be the case that there will not be a farmer in the State who will not be a member of some Grange.

A Granger interprets the song of the bob-link into the following English:

Chink, chink—say the chink;
Don't buy till you think;
Pay before you wink;
Buy no tobacco or drink;
Give your notes in scrip, and not in ink;
Be happy and solvent like Bob-o-link.

This is one way for the Granges to make themselves felt. No less than one hundred thousand Patrons, residing in the State of Missouri, filed in the Senate, through Mr. Drake, a few days since, a protest against the policy of Congress giving away the public domain to aid in private schemes. They hold that such grants of lands tend to build up monopolies to oppress the people. The proceeds of the sale of public lands they desire to have dedicated to a permanent educational fund, the interest on the same to be distributed among the several States in accordance with the plan determined by Congress.—*Nashville Banner.*

Salting animals requires judgment. To let them go without for several weeks, and then give them all they will eat, is a bad practice and sometimes a dangerous one. The better plan is to have the rock salt where animals can lick it every day.

Liberal feeding is usually the most economical feeding. It is a great waste of digestive powers to so feed a cow that she neither gives milk nor increases in weight; it is still greater loss to so feed her that she must consume more or less of the fat previously stored up in the system. This is what happens when an animal weighs less in the spring than in the fall.

The Cheraw (S. C.) Gazette states that in addition to the advantages of the tomato for table use, the vine is of great value for fodder for cattle, especially for cows. It is said that a cow fed on tomato vines will give more milk, and yield butter of a finer flavor and in greater abundance, than any other long feed ever tried. It is thought, too, that more good food for cattle, and at less expense, can be raised on a given quantity of ground planted with tomatoes, than from any other vegetable known in the Southern country.

Arbor days are becoming quite an established custom in the West. An arbor day is a day for tree planting. It usually is fixed for the spring, and in Iowa we see that the 20th of this month has been chosen. Often premiums are given for the largest number of trees planted. Arbor day is, therefore a holiday which has good reason for its observance. In the bare, treeless prairies, and in sparsely timbered districts few things are more important than the proof from year to year of what can be done by judicious planting, and annually the demonstration of the value of such improvements will become more and more apparent.

LUCERNE OR ALFALFA.—One of the most profitable crops a farmer can raise, is a few acres (if he cannot afford more) of lucerne. The February and March report of the Agricultural Department at Washington, gives the following item which will show the profits arising from its culture in California, and East Tennessee is as well adapted to its growth as any part of the country. It adds: "A farmer in Fresno county, California, reports that, in 1873, from a field of five acres, he cut 20 tons of alfalfa hay, which netted him $10 per ton; also one crop of alfalfa seed, weighing 2,200 pounds, which netted him 20 cents per pound. This is a clear profit of $128 per acre.

GRAPES AND THEIR CULTURE.—It is surprising that so many families in the country are willing to live year after year without cultivating a single grape-vine about their dwellings. They are compelled to purchase the delicious fruit for the table or not taste it during the season. There is a common impression that to cultivate grapes perfectly a vast amount of knowledge and taste is required. To many the simple trimming of a vine is a mystery. This is an erroneous view, and ought not to prevail. Any person of common intelligence can learn in an hour how to trim and nourish vines, and if instruction cannot be obtained from some experienced cultivator, there are books filled with cuts and illustrations which make everything plain. Three vines of as many varieties, planted in some sunny nook, or by the side of some building so as to obtain shelter, will, if properly cared for, furnish many a bushel of delicious grapes every year. Select a Concord, Ives' seedling and a Herbemont. Make the ground mellow and rich by the use of a spade, and by employing old manure, finely ground bones and ashes, and set out the plants. In three years the rich cluster will appear, and in four years the product will be abundant. It is well to have vines planted so that the waste liquors from the dwellings can be used in fertilization. If there is any food the vine especially loves, it is the soapy liquors which accumulate on washing days in families. Vines drenched every week with these liquids will flourish astonishingly, and extend themselves so as to cover large buildings, every branch bearing fruit. We say to our readers: Plant vines.—*Sciences of Health.*

Reading Notices.

POND'S EXTRACT
CURES
Rheumatism, Scalds, Lameness,
Neuralgia, Burns, Soreness,
Sore Throat, Boils, Wounds,
Hoarseness, Ulcers, Bruises,
Headache, Piles, Sprains,
Toothache, Colic, Old Sores,
All Hemorrhages,
Diarrhœa
etc.
POND'S EXTRACT
a26-6-W M

LOCKERS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York.
—dly

MRS. E. P. O'CONNOR,
—AT—
No. 27 Whitehall Street.
Is now receiving her
SPRING STOCK OF MILLINERY,
Style and Price.
Her goods will be the latest, having been selected
Grand Millinery Opening

MISCELLANEOUS.

AFFLETON'S
AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.
New Revised Edition.
Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

THE work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time has had a wide circulation which it has sustained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movements of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience and refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, when we at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared has happily been ended, and a new century of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, and which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press, it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass of its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by loftier experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to Subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, finely illustrated with several thousand Wood Engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

PRICE AND STYLE OF BINDING.

In extra Cloth, per vol	$ 5 00
In Library Leather, per vol	6 00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol	7 00
In Half Russia, extra gilt, per vol	8 00
In Full Morocco, antique, gilt edge, per vol	10 00
In Full Russia, per vol	10 00

Five volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

*** Specimen pages of the AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA, showing type, illustrations, &c., will be sent gratis, on application.

FIRST CLASS CANVASSING AGENTS WANTED. Address the Publishers,
D. APPLETON & CO.,
549 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.
H. K. WHITE, Agent for Atlanta and vicinity.
apr9—d1y

McBRIDE & CO.,
Corner Pryor and Line Streets,
Offer the largest and cheapest stock China, Glassware, Silver-plated ware, Fine Table Cutlery, Chandeliers, Toilet Sets, Wares and general Housekeepers articles ever brought to the State.
Go to their Store and you will be convinced.
feb8-sun&wedtf

DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.
THE BEST ADVICE
that can be given to persons suffering from dyspepsia, bilious complaint, colic, consumption, sick headache, fever and ague, nervous debility, or of any disorder affecting the stomach, the liver or kidneys, is to tone, cleanse, and regulate these important organs by the use of
DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.
They act very mildly, yet thoroughly restores the functional action of the digestive organs and the intestines and renovates the whole system. They produce neither nausea, griping or weakness and may be taken at any time without change of diet or occupation. Price 25c a box. Sold by all druggists.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye
possesses qualities that no other dye does. Its effect is instantaneous, and so natural that it cannot be detected by the closest observer. It is harmless and easily applied, and is in general use among the fashionable hair dressers in every large city in the United States. Price $1 a box. Sold everywhere.

DR. TUTTS SARSAPARILLA QUEENS DELIGHT.
SCROFULA, ERUPTIVE DISEASES OF THE SKIN, ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ERYSIPELAS, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, BOILS, TETTER, AND SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORM, RHEUMATISM, PAIN AND DERANGEMENT OF THE BONES, WEAKNESS, STERILITY, LEUCORRHŒA OR WHITES, WOMB DISEASES, DROPSY, WHITE SWELLINGS, SYPHILIS IN ANY AND LIVER COMPLAINT, MERCURIAL TAINT, AND PILES, all proceed from impure blood.
DR. TUTT'S SARSAPARILLA
is the most powerful Blood purifier known to medical science. It enters into the circulation and eradicates every morbific agent; renovates the system; produces a beautiful complexion and causes the body to gain flesh and increase in weight.
KEEP THE BLOOD HEALTHY
and all will be well. To do so, nothing has ever been offered has met competition with this valuable vegetable extract. Price $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists.
DR. TUTT & CO., 844 and 846 Broadway, New York.
Rooms to Rent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WORKING CLASSES Male or Female, $20 a week, employment at home, day or evening; no capital; instructions and valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address with six cent stamp, M. YOUNG & CO., 179 Greenwich Street, New York.

144 SCHOOL TEACHERS WANTED to engage during the Spring and Summer in a business paying $150 per month in their own counties. Address EIGLER & MOORHEY, Philadelphia Pa.

WORKING CLASS Male or female, $20 week; employment a home day or evening; no capital; instructions and valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address with six cent stamp, M YOUNG & CO, 179 Greenwich street, New York.

For
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,
Use
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS,
PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.
A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY
Sold by Druggists.

PSYCHOMANCY or SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess free by mail for 25c, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to ladies, Wedding Night Shirt, etc. A queer book. Address T WILLIAM & CO, Publishers, Philadelphia.

Millions of Acres
RICH FARMING LANDS
IN NEBRASKA,
NOW FOR SALE VERY CHEAP
Ten Years Credit.
Interest Only 6 per cent.
Descriptive Pamphlet, with Sectional Maps, sent free.
THE PIONEER,
a handsome Illustrated Paper, containing the HOMESTEAD LAW, mailed free to all parts of the world. Address,
O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner U. P. R. R.,
OMAHA, NEB.

"Edeography" A new book on the art of writing by sounds; complete system of phonetic shorthand, the shortest, most simple, easy, and comprehensive, enabling any one in a short time to report trials, speeches, sermons, etc. The Lord's Prayer is written with 49 strokes of the pen, and 140 words per minute. The unemployed should learn this art. Price by mail 75c. Agents wanted. Address T W EVANS & CO, 139 South 7th street, Philadelphia.

The Highest Medical Authorities of Europe say the strongest Tonic, Purifier and Deobstruent known to the medical world is
JURUBEBA.
It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions and acts directly on the Liver and spleen. Price $1 a bottle. JOHN Q KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., N. Y.

SEND FOR THE
NEW CATALOGUE
AND PRICE LIST, MAILED FREE,
100-Piece French China Dinner Set
FOR $22.
FRENCH CHINA AND CUT GLASS WARE GIVEN AWAY, almost. Tea, Toilet Sets and everything else same way. Call or send for catalogues.
WASEINGTON HADLEY'S,
6th avenue and 13th street, New York.

Agents, if you want to make money, sell
HURLY BURLY
The biggest thing yet. Humor, Wit, Fatnes, Life, Fun and Laughter. 350 Comic Cuts. The people yearn for it. It will sell in dull times. Show it to a man and he surrenders. It is sure every time. Don't bother with heavy books that nobody wants. Humor is the thing that takes. Agents wanted everywhere. Send for circulars and extra terms to TODAY Pub Co, Philadelphia, New York, Boston or Chicago.

DR. PIERCE'S
ALT. EXT. OR GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY
cures all Humors from the worst Scrofula to a common Blotch or Pimple. From two to six bottles are warranted to cure Salt Rheum or Tetter, Pimples on Face, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas and Liver Complaint. Six to twelve bottles, warranted to cure the worst Scrofulous Swellings and Sores Spring in Bones and Sore Throat caused by Poison in Blood or mercurial treatment. By its wonderful Pectoral properties it will cure the most severe recent or the most lingering Cough in half the time required by any other medicine and is perfectly safe, loosening cough, soothing irritation, and relieving soreness. Sold by all Druggists. R. V. PIERCE, M. D., World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y.
apl1—d&w4*

VALUABLE
IRON MILL
FOR SALE
—AT—
Rome, Georgia.
PURSUANT to a Decree in Chancery, in Floyd Superior Court, the undersigned have been appointed Commissioners to receive sealed proposals until the 1st day of May next, for that valuable property in the city of Rome, in said state and county, known as the
ROME IRON WORKS,
more particularly described as follows:
The property of the Rome Iron Manufacturing Company consists of the Rolling Mill Building 300x140 feet, well finished and substantially built with saw tooth roof. Train of 18 inch Puddle and Bar Rolls, and 9 inch Guide Mill. Two Horizontal Engines of 120 horse-power each, to drive Rolls; two (2) heavy Steam Shears; Rolls and Saw for making light T Rail; twenty Nail Machines and one Spike Machine—also one Railroad Spike Machine—all with counter shafting and belting complete to run the same. One Beam Engine of 120 horse-power to run Nail and Spike Machines; one 72 inch Demphill Fan Rock and Ore Crusher; Furnaces for heating Nail Plate, and six large Grind; and Bead Stones substantially set on Iron Frames; three Heating Furnaces; three Puddling Furnaces. (two double and one single) one 30 ton Track Scale, with side track in the mill; twelve Cylinder Boilers, 30 feet long, and a battery of two Fine Boilers, 42 inches diameter, 30 feet long—two 16 inch flues supply the steam power. Two Cylinder Boilers being placed over the Heating and Puddling Furnaces use the waste heat from the furnaces for generating steam. Also, one Pumping Engine and Wrought Iron Tank for supplying the mill with water.
The whole mill is most complete in its arrangements for receiving, and manufacturing and shipping materials, being probably one of the best arranged mills in the States. The mill is in excellent order, and in full operation; possesses unlimited facilities for getting Coal and Pig and Scrap Iron cheaply, and has a cash market for its entire products. It has a
Capacity of 125 Kegs of Nails per day.
Capacity of 3 Tons of Spikes per day.
Capacity of 12 Tons Bar Iron per day.
Pig Iron can be purchased for $30 00 per ton; Wrought Scrap from $25 to $30. A force of skilled workmen—old hands—are operating the Mill.
We solicit bids for this property and invite capitalists to come and make personal inspection of the same. All correspondence will be carefully and fully answered. We refer, by permission, to Noble Brothers & Co., whose Foundry and Machine Works are contiguous to the property described.
CHAS. H SMITH.
T. W. ALEXANDER.
C. HOWELL.
Commissioners.
mar12—dlawtf

LIVERY STABLES.
W. B. HUDSON, of Louisville, Ky. J. W. HIGHTOWER of Griffin.
HUDSON & HIGHTOWER,
Livery, Sale and Feed Stable.
EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.
Good Shed Lots for Drovers.
All kinds of Vehicles to hire at reasonable prices.
Near the Passenger Depot,
Griffin, Georgia.
fanel8-dtf

HOTELS.
Madison House.
MADISON, GEORGIA.
TRAVELERS, invalids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Porters at the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms all reasonable.
F. B. WOODARD,
feb1—3tr Proprietor.
THE COUCHE HOUSE

MISCELLANEOUS.

Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.
I AM engaged in the Manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Pills by Proprietors, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should suggest to any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 50 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incident to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say, during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.
I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA MORBUS, BILLIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.
For sale by all druggists.
Price 50 cents a Box.
None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. G. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun.
Address N. G. WILLIAMS,
Post-office Box 940, Atlanta, Ga.
Manufactory No. 113, corner Washington and Peters streets, Atlanta, Ga. may14—dtf

TEXAS
LAND AGENCY.
HAVING spent part of the last three years in Texas, and having been repeatedly solicited by parties owning and controlling large tracts of land in that State, I have determined, after thoroughly investigating the whole subject matter, to open a LAND AGENCY at some eligible point in the
LONE STAR STATE
at an early date. With seven years' experience in the REAL ESTATE BUSINESS in all of its details in Georgia, the business will not be new. Parties owning or controlling lands in Texas can for the present address me at Rome, Ga. My partner and myself propose to give our attention exclusively to the business in all of its details. Bring and conduct sales of ejectment, re-establish titles, sell and contract lands and pay taxes. Best of references given. Correspondence earnestly solicited. Address JOHN T. BURNS & CO., Rome, Ga.
feb7-dtf JOHN T. BURNS.

Granger's Guano.
Delivered Anywhere in the City or on the Cars at $40 Per Ton.
The Gardener's Phosphate $30 Per Ton.
ORDERS left with any of the large dealers, or with Messrs. Redwine & Fox, or addressed to JNO. M. C. REED, McDonough street.
feb4-dtf

SOUTHERN
TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta Works, such as Window Caps, Enrichments for Cornice, such as Brackets, Medaallion, and everything in the Architectural line also, Chimney Tops, Vases, Flower Pots, Statuary, &c. &c. Also Manufacturers of
SEWER PIPE
from 3 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as
Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.
We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.
[illegible] & CASTLEBERRY.

WE OFFER TO THE TRADE THE FOLLOWING line of goods, at CLOSE FIGURES, and on the most favorable terms. Samples can be seen at our office, or a note addressed to us through the Post-office (Lock Box 576) will receive prompt attention:
Prime White Corn, per car load, in bulk and sacked.
Prime White and Mixed Oats per car load.
Loaf and Sugars, all grades.
Louisana Molasses, all grades.
New York Refin dingare, all grades.
New York Syrups and molasses, all grades.
Coffee—Rio, Java and Laguayra.
Meals, per car load.
Flour per car load.
Lard—Pierces, Kegs and Buckets.
Wooden ware—Buckets and Tubs, Southern manufacture.
We have at all times on hand samples of cargoes COFFEE to arrive.
Parties dealing with us will have the advantage of Special Freight Rates.
J. F. & J. G. McDLETON,
Merchandise Brokers,
No. 10 Whitehall street,
mar26—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

MARBLE WORKS.
WM GRAY

feb4—dly
Judson's Marble Works,
ATLANTA, GA.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS
Italian and American Marble,
Monuments, Box Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, Iron Railing for Grave Enclosures, Granite, etc.
Office and works, corner of LOYD and ALABAMA STREETS, opposite O. H. Jones & Co's. Sale and Livery Stables.
Orders solicited and promptly filled.
Prices reasonable.
Terms cash.
Address D. N. JUDSON,
Atlanta, Ga.
aug10-ly

UNDERTAKERS.
CHAS. BOHNEFELD,

RAILROADS.

Cheering News!
ON AND AFTER MAY 1st, 1874, THE GREAT LEARNSAW ROUTE via WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD will sell Tickets at the following
Greatly Reduced Rates
From Atlanta to New York $21 00
From Atlanta to Philadelphia 20 00
From Atlanta to Baltimore 20 00
From Atlanta to Washington 20 25
From Atlanta to Richmond 24 95
Tickets for sale by B. J. Davis, Agent, Union Passenger Depot.
PULLMAN PALACE CARS run daily between Atlanta and Lynchburg without change.
WM. MacRAE,
Superintendent.
B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
mar26—d2w

SCHEDULE.
Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway.
DAILY PASSENGER.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVAL.
Atlanta	P. M. 6:00	P. M. 12:24
Charlotte	P. M. 8:45	P. M. 6:05
North Carolina Railroad Junction	P. M. 8:59	P. M. 8:15

Accommodation Passenger.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVAL.
Atlanta	A. M. 8:34	A. M. 11:48
Charlotte	A. M. 8:19	A. M. 7:27
North Carolina Railroad Junction	A. M. 7:19	A. M. 7:45

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE
VIA
ATLANTA and AUGUSTA
TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.
RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train.
CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.
The Eating Houses
On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.
CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.
The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.
Passengers can purchase through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta TO Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York, BY Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.
Fare as low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.
PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS, ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA. BY THIS ROUTE.
Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find Splendid Line of Steamships From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.
The Charleston Steamships
Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are
Unrivaled or the Coast,
Through Tickets on Sale at MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA TO NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24-dtf

RAILROAD SCHEDULE
ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.
Western and Atlantic Railroad.
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 8 30 A
Arrives at Chattanooga ..... 4 38 P
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 9 30 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga ..... 4 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga ..... 8 45 P M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 12 30 A M
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 1 10 P M
KINGSTON ACCOMODATION TRAIN.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 6 00 P M
Arrive at Kingston ..... 9 15 P M
Leaves Kingston ..... 5 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 9 45 A M
Air-Line Railroad.
DAILY PASSENGER TRAIN.
Leave Atlanta ..... 6 00 P M
Arrive at Charlotte ..... 8 05 A M
Leave Charlotte ..... 8 10 A M
Arrive at Atlanta ..... 9 15 P M
ACCOMODATION TRAIN.
Leave Atlanta ..... 5 34 A M
Arrive at Charlotte ..... 9 45 A M
Leave Charlotte ..... 8 12 A M
Arrive at Atlanta ..... 9 15 P M
Georgia Railroad
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
Leaves Augusta ..... 8 40 A M
Leaves Atlanta ..... 6 30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 5 45 P M
Arrives at Augusta ..... 9 45 A M
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.
Leaves Augusta ..... 8 15 P M
Leaves Atlanta ..... 6 00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 6 05 A M
Arrives at Augusta ..... 9 00 A M
Accommodation Train.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 6 00 P M
Leaves Stone Mountain ..... 7 30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 8 30 A M
Arrives Stone Mountain ..... 8 15 P M
Atlanta and West Point Railroad.
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 9 40 P M
Leaves West Point ..... 1 40 P M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 5 42 P M
Arrives at West Point ..... 3 07 A M
Macon and Western Railroad.
DAILY ACCOMODATION EXCEPT SUNDAYS.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 7 00 A
Arrives at Macon ..... 3 40 P M
Leaves Macon ..... 9 10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 5 45 P M
MAIL AND PASSENGER—DAILY
Leaves Atlanta ..... 1 00 A M
Arrives at Macon ..... 6 50 A M
Leaves Macon ..... 7 30 P M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 1 40 A M

HACK LINES.
Gainesville and Dahlonega
HACK LINE.
LEAVES Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M.
Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train.
Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to PORTER'S SPRINGS or other points, upon reasonable terms.
au 23—dtf

CUMMING AND DULUTH
HACK LINE.
J. W. JAMES & CO., are now running, for the accommodation of the traveling public, a good TWO HORSE HACK, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and making close connecting with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad. Leave Cain's Hotel at Cumming, at 12 M., and arrives at Duluth at 5 o'clock, P. M., in time for the down train to Atlanta. Leaves Duluth at 8 o'clock in the morning and arrives at Cain's Hotel in Cumming at 1 o'clock, to dinner.
Careful drivers. Terms moderate.
apr1—dtf

To Whom it may Concern
THE JOINT COMMITTEE APPOINTED AT THE

EDUCATIONAL.

SOUTHERN MASONIC
FEMALE COLLEGE.
THIS spring term of this institution for the year 1874 opens on the 1st inst.
Our teachers are experienced, and there will be a full corps in number.
Music and the fine arts—courses in the best female schools—receive special attention here. The most approved physical exercises are had daily, while the rules and regulations of college exclude all undue access.
Covington is forty-one miles from Atlanta, on the Georgia Railroad, and is a most healthy and pleasant location.
Tuition for the scholastic year ..... $ 20 00
Expenses, including board $75 00
For special information send for catalogue.
J. M. BRADSHAW,
President.
Covington, Georgia, January 2, 1874. jan11-d7

Conyers Female College.
THE Conyers Female College, located in the flourishing town of Conyers, 20 miles east of Atlanta, on the Georgia Railroad, is now, under the management of a full corps of experienced and successful teachers, in full operation.
The superior advantages of this institution, owned and chartered by a large company of gentlemen, who are animated with the sole desire of crushing out namby-pambyism in female education, and of affording increased facilities for thorough mental culture at reasonable rates, should be generally known.
Board at $12 50 per month in the best families of the place. Tuition in the College classes $40 per annum. For instruction on the piano $40 per annum.
For further particulars address REV. H. QUIGG, President.
feb24—d3m

DR. J. H. LOGAN'S
SELECT SCHOOL
FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES
On Whitehall Street No. 153,
IS fast acquiring its limited number of 30 pupils, and is one of the best institutions of the kind in Georgia. Tuition per month, payable per month in advance, $4 25, $5 25 and $6 25.
feb23—dtf

ISTRIBUTION'S.

THE ONLY RELIABLE GIFT DISTRIBUTION IN THE COUNTRY.
$60,000
IN VALUABLE GIFTS!
TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN
L. D. SINE'S
166TH REGULAR MONTHLY
Gift Enterprise!
TO BE DRAWN Monday May 4th 1874.
TWO GRAND CAPITALS OF
$5,000 each in Greenbacks!
2 Prizes $1,000 } EACH IN
5 Prizes $500 } GREENBACKS.
10 Prizes $100 }
1 Horse and Buggy with Silver mounted Harness, worth $600.
One Fine toned Forrowed Piano, worth $650.
Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each.
Five Gold Watches and Chains, worth $300 each.
Five Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches, worth $ 00 each.
400 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $30 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silverware, Jewelry, etc., etc
Number of Gifts 6,501 Tickets limited to 60,000.
AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom liberal premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five $20.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86.
101 W. Fifth St., Cincinnati, O.
mar21—d5w

MISCELLANEOUS.
STOP, READ, REFLECT AND ACT,
BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE!
"DR. S. B. COLLINS'"
PAINLESS
OPIUM
ANTIDOTE.
Is a perfect and painless cure for
THE HABITUAL USE OF OPIUM,
in any of its forms, whether as
MORPHINE,
LAUDANUM,
ELIXER, or
GUM OPIUM.
It Positively Produces a Permanent Cure.
IT is strange yet true, that as a rule it is the brightest intellects, the best members of society that become addicted to this diseased appetite. A habit which makes them slaves, beclouds their minds, ruins their dispositions, and gives them in their more natural moments a hatred of self as well as a feeling that everybody despises them—to such an extent that society has no charms. But thanks to the Giver of all good this wretched, terrible habit, and degraded condition, as well as all of the desire and feeling for opiates in any form is soon removed by this remarkable antidote, entirely so, and the weakened body and mind are invigorated, given renewed health and love and hope take the place of despondency and doubt. Though you may not be afflicted with the habit of using Morphine, Laudanum, or other forms of Opium, some friend may be, and you know it not, therefore let me ask you, in the name of suffering humanity to pass this on. By so doing you may reap the reward of those who do good. DELAY NOT.
All correspondence strictly confidential. For further particulars, and in sending orders from any of the Southern States, address
B. M. WOOLLEY,
General Agent for the Southern States,
No 39 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
mar16—deod3m&w1am3m

Dr. W M. Marvin.
Would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity that he has opened a Dispensary in Austell Block, where patients can get reliable treatment for all diseases. Particular attention paid to all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Catarrh. The above diseases treated by inhalation.
The Doctor treats all diseases of long standing, such as Eruptions, Gravel, Paralysis, Loss of Voice, Wakefulness, Fever Sores, Rheumatism, Goitre, Neuralgia, Tumors, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dropsy, Biliousness, Diseases of the Kidneys, Erysipelas, Nervous Depression, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, all Diseases peculiar to Women, all Private Diseases, Heart Disease, Swollen Joints, Coughs, Gout, White Swelling, St. Vitus' Dance, etc.
Electricity applied in cases where it is required. The Doctor is permanently located, and persons who have been under the treatment of other physicians and have not been cured, are invited to call, as I treat all curable diseases, and cures guaranteed, or no pay. Call and see the Doctor without delay. His charges are moderate, and consultation free. Dispensary and consultation room No. 30 Decatur street. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 M.
feb19-d&w1y

CHATTANOOGA FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS
WEBSTER & HARKS.

The Largest & Best Appointed Shops South of the Ohio
DAILY CAPACITY OF FOUNDRY, 15 TON. MANUFACTURERS OF STATIONARY AND PORTABLE Engines, Narrow Gauge Locomotives, Upright and Horizontal Blowing Engines of the most approved construction, with the entire equipment of Blast Furnaces, Mining Machinery, Cornish Mining Pumps, Mill Machinery for Steam and Water, and Castings for railroads
Agents for Earl's steam Pumps, Brooks' Cotton Presses.
A SPECIALTY MADE OF
Heavy Castings, Architectural Iron Works, and all Castings for Gas and Water Works.
We would particularly call the attention of capitalists, intending to erect furnaces, as we are prepared to make proposals for entire equipment of same at Eastern rates.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
feb

ESTABLISHED 1835.
J. O. MATHEWSON.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT.
REFERENCE NATIONAL PARK BANK NEW YORK.
AUGUSTA, GA.

GREAT SOUTHERN
FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE,
VIA
CHARLES